



STIC Search Report

Biotech-Chem Library

STIC Database Tracking Number: 94617

TO: Cynthia Collins
Location: 9A12
Art Unit: 1638
Sunday, May 25, 2003

Case Serial Number: 701926

From: Mary Jane Ruhl
Location: Biotech-Chem Library
CM1-6A06
Phone: 605-1155

maryjane.ruhl@uspto.gov

Search Notes

12/4/00
6/4/98
9/25/98
6/4/99

OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: May 24, 2003, 06:34:19 ; Search time 1707 Seconds

(without alignments)
11546.519 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-701-926B-1

Sequence: 1 ttggaattatgtattat.....gtcaacacaacaacaaca 1217

Scoring table: IDENTITY_NUC

Searched: 16154066 seqs, 8097743376 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 32308132

Maximum DB seq length: 20000000000

Post-processing: Minimum match 08

listing first 45 summaries

Database : EST:4

```

1:  em_estbm:*
2:  em_estbm:*
3:  em_estln:*
4:  em_estm:*
5:  em_estov:*
6:  em_estpl:*
7:  em_estro:*
8:  em_htc:*
9:  gb_estl:*
10: gb_est2:*
11: gb_htc:*
12: gb_est3:*
13: gb_est4:*
14: gb_est5:*
15: em_estfun:*
16: em_estcom:*
17: gb_gss:*
18: em_gss_hum:*
19: em_gss_fiv:*
20: em_gss_pln:*
21: em_gss_vrt:*
22: em_gss_fun:*
23: em_gss_mam:*
24: em_gss_mus:*
25: em_gss_other:*
26: em_gss_pro:*
27: em_gss_pro:*

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Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result	No.	Score	Query	Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
C	1	62.2	5.1	1101	17	CNS000EV	AL065706	Drosophila
	2	62	5.1	1101	17	CNS00039G	AL065921	Drosophila
	3	56.6	4.7	974	17	CNS000IT	AL075432	Drosophila
	4	56	4.6	592	17	CNS0005T	AL059513	Drosophila
	5	55	4.5	1029	17	CNS012GM	AL174271	Tetrahodon
C	6	55	4.5	1091	17	CNS014AC	AL103902	Drosophila

C	7	55	4.5	1101	17	CNSO03K6	AL063921	Drosophila
C	8	54.4	4.5	996	17	CNSO03K6	AL076957	Drosophila
C	9	53	4.4	1101	17	CNSO100X	AL0878379	Drosophila
C	10	52.6	4.3	1204	13	BM452144	AGENCORRE	Drosophila
C	11	52.4	4.3	1135	17	CNS0336G	BM452144	AGENCORRE
C	12	52	4.3	872	17	AZ548700	AL226115	Tetradon
C	13	52	4.3	1101	17	CNSO00B8	AZ548700	ENTGE67FE
C	14	50.8	4.2	1092	17	CNS020K7	AL063632	Drosophila
C	15	50.4	4.1	604	9	AL546530	AL175666	Tetradon
C	16	50.4	4.1	959	17	CNSO0655	AL546530	AL546530
C	17	50.4	4.1	1101	17	CNSO039R	AL063932	Drosophila
C	18	50.4	4.1	1101	17	CNSO106X	AL089855	Drosophila
C	19	50	4.1	857	17	AZ195387	AL089855	Drosophila
C	20	50	4.1	942	17	CNSO18C5	AZ195387	SP_1030_A
C	21	50	4.1	1000	17	CNSO0C00	AL109338	Drosophila
C	22	49.6	4.1	725	17	BM180166	AL0509446	Drosophila
C	23	49.6	4.1	1204	17	CNSO1662	BM180166	016_T-02-
C	24	49.4	4.1	964	17	CNS072BR	AL110628	Drosophila
C	25	49.2	4.0	938	17	CNS072BR	AL110628	Drosophila
C	26	49	4.0	919	17	AZ535763	AL441457	T7 end of
C	27	49	4.0	1101	17	CNSO1611	AL100422	Drosophila
C	28	48.8	4.0	600	17	CNSO06G12	AZ535763	ENTC126FE
C	29	48.8	4.0	928	17	CNSO00DY	AL106886	Drosophila
C	30	48.8	4.0	967	17	CNSO00JY	AL1397116	T3 end of
C	31	48.6	4.0	972	17	CNSO02KX	AL071865	Drosophila
C	32	48.4	4.0	639	17	CNSO170D	AL077063	Drosophila
C	33	48.2	4.0	874	17	CNSO135H	AL097443	Drosophila
C	34	48.2	4.0	1055	14	BM876453	AL108367	Drosophila
C	35	48	3.9	963	9	AL566565	AL102755	Drosophila
C	36	47.8	3.9	904	17	CNSO096S	BM876453	AGENCORRE
C	37	47.8	3.9	912	17	BL0947	AL566565	AL566565
C	38	47.8	3.9	950	17	BL165843	AL056354	Drosophila
C	39	47.8	3.9	961	17	CNSO05E2	BL1049	T2A12-SP6_T
C	40	47.8	3.9	1167	17	CNSO7360	BM165843	ENTSR28TR
C	41	47.6	3.9	1201	17	CNSO1096	AL067999	Drosophila
C	42	47.6	3.9	932	9	AL523242	AL427102	clone BAO
C	43	47.6	3.9	1101	17	CNSO12BP	AL098676	Drosophila
C	44	47.4	3.9	804	17	AG07557	AL1022047	AL523242
C	45	47.4	3.9	827	17	CNSO0HFE	AL073027	Pan trogl

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	CNS00EVL/c	LOCUS	DEFINITION	ACCESSION	VERSION	KEYWORDS	SOURCE	ORGANISM	REFERENCE	AUTHORS	TITLE	JOURNAL
	CNS00EVL	1101 bp	DNA	Linear	GSS 04-JUN-1999							
	Drosophila melanogaster genome survey sequence T7 end of BAC:											
	BACR2B23 of RpCl-98 library from Drosophila melanogaster (fruit											
	fly), genomic survey sequence.											
	AL069706											
	AL069706.1	GI:494849										
	GSS.											
	Drosophila melanogaster.											
	Drosophila melanogaster											
	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Hexapoda; Insecta; Pterygota;											
	Neoptera; Endopterygota; Diptera; Brachycera; Muscomorpha;											
	Ephydroidea; Drosophilidae; Drosophila.											
	1 (bases 1 to 1101)											
	Genoscope.											
	Direct Submission											
	Submitted (02-JUN-1999)											
	Genoscope - Centre National de Sequencage											

COMMENT

submitted (02-EVR-1999) genoscope - Centre National de Séquençage :
BP 191 91006 Evry cedex - FRANCE (E-mail : seque@genoscope.cns.fr
- Web : www.genoscope.cns.fr)
Determination of this BAC-end sequence was carried out as part of a
collaboration with the Berkeley Drosophila Genome Project (BDGP).
The BDGP is constructing a physical map of the Drosophila
melanogaster genome using these BACs. For further information
please see <http://www.fruitfly.org> The BDGP Drosophila
melanogaster BAC library was prepared by Kazuhiro Osada and
Aaron Mammert in Pieter de Jong's laboratory in the Department of
Cancer Genetics at the Roswell Park Cancer Institute in Buffalo,
NY. The library is named RPcl-98 and was constructed by partial

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REVISION      AD00321
VERSION      AL063921.1  GI:4941778

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[illegible]

OY	1012	ACTTATGGCTATTACGAAATAGCATTAAGCGTTATA	1049
	:	: : :: :: :	: : :: :: :
Db	1022	TTCWWAHMVAHMTTWMMWMAWTAWACTCHMTWTH	1059
RESULT_3	CNSOITTT	974 bp	DNA linear GSS 03-JUN-1999
LOCUS	CNSOITTT		
DEFINITION	Drosophila melanogaster genome survey sequence TET3 end of BAC:		
	BACB37D06 of RPCI-98 library from Drosophila melanogaster (fruit fly), genomic survey sequence.		
ACCESSION	AL075432		
VERSION	AL075432.1	GI:4954390	
KEYWORDS	GSS.		
SOURCE	Drosophila melanogaster.		
ORGANISM	Drosophila melanogaster Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Hexapoda; Insecta; Pterygota; Neoptera; Endopterygota; Diptera; Brachycera; Muscomorpha; Epheuroidea; Drosophilidae; Drosophila. 1 (bases 1 to 974)		
REFERENCE	Genoscope.		
AUTHORS	Direct Submission		
TITLE	Submitted (02-JUN-1999) Genoscope - Centre National de Sequencage :		
JOURNAL	BP 191 91006 EVRY cedex - FRANCE (E-mail : seqrefgenoscope.cns.fr		
COMMENT	- Web : www.genoscope.cns.fr) Determination of this BAC-end sequence was carried out as part of a collaboration with the Berkeley Drosophila Genome Project (BDGP). The BDGP is constructing a physical map of the Drosophila melanogaster genome using three BACS. For further information please see http://www.fruitfly.org/The BDGP Drosophila melanogaster BAC library was prepared by Kazuo Osoegawa and Aaron Mammoler in Pieter de Jong's laboratory in the Department of Cancer Genetics at the Roswell Park Cancer Institute in Buffalo, NY. The library is named RPCI-98 and was constructed by partial EcoRI digestion of Drosophila DNA provided by the BDGP from the Isogenic strain Y2: cn bw sp, the same strain used for the BDGP's pl and EST libraries. A more detailed description of the library and how to order individual BAC clones, the entire library, or filters for hybridization from the BACPAC Resource Center can be found at http://bacpac.med.buffalo.edu/drosophila_bac.htm.		
FEATURES	location/Qualifiers		
SOURCE	1..974 /organism="Drosophila melanogaster" /db_xref="taxon:7227" /clone="_BACR37D06" /isogenic_lib="RPCI-98" /note="end : TET3"		
BASE COUNT	77 a 59 c 13 g 605 t 220 others		
ORIGIN			
Query Match	4.7%;	Score 56.6;	DB 17; Length 974;
Best Local Similarity	32.2%; Pred. No. 1;	Matches 264;	Conservative 100; Mismatches 455; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY	1	TTTGAAATTATNGATTTATCTATAGCAATTAAGAACAATTAAGAGTTGTACCTCATTG	60
	::		::
Db	70	TTTTNTTTTTNNNTTNNTNNTTTTTTTTTTTTCTGTTTTTTNNNNNTTT	129
OY	61	GCTTACTGTGTGCACAAGCAACTCATCANCAATACGATAGTGTGATATGCTCTC	120
	::		::
Db	130	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTRRTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	189
OY	121	CATTATCACGAGCCCTTAGATTAAGTTTTCAGAGCTAATATATCACTGATGGTGAATC	180
	::		::
Db	190	TTT	249
OY	181	AGTATGCGATTAAGTCCTTCCTGATTAATTCCTGTTTCATACAAGTCGTGAATTGCTG	240
	::		::
Db	250	TTT	309
OY	241	TTTGGACAGTACGATAGATGACCAACCTTCGAGGATATTAATTGAAGTCAATGAAA	300
		:: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: ::	
Db	310	TTTTTTTTTTTAAACAAATWGKVTYTNTTTTTTTTTHAARASAVAMSGRRVVSVM	369

OY		301	TTGGCTTGTTCATCAATAGACATTGTAATTTGATGTCGCTGACTAAATATAAGCA	360
Dd		370	TWTVVAVTTTTHTTTSSVANVTITTYCMKRWTAANNVSTVMATTTTMAATMMKA	429
OY		361	TTGGAGGAGAACAAGCTTCTAATGAATCAGATGCAGATGAATAAGTTCAGATATT	420
Dd		430	TTTTTTTTTTTATSTTTTTTTTTTHHMAATMMATATTTTSTATATAANNNAATFACN	489
OY		421	TTTGTTACTTCGCGATGATCATGATGATTAATGACTATTGTTGTTTTTAAAGCTGTT	480
Dd		490	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTBTCTTCTCYTMRTMTGANRRCRATTTTTTTHHMTMTWTMC	549
OY		481	CAGATGATCCATCATAGTAGAACACATACAGCGTAGGCCAATTCATCATAGCAC	540
Dd		550	CCTMTATAYMCAANTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTSASYMCAARCAATWPMWA	609
OY		541	TTCTTTCTTCATCAATTTGGCTGTGTTTTTTTTTTCATGATGCATTCGAATATTCAGA	600
Dd		610	KTWTHMMATAMCAATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTMONACATTTTTTTT	669
OY		601	AGGCACTTGAGCAATATATATTTTTCAAAATCCACCTTGTTCAAGCACTACCAGCTTT	660
Dd		670	TTTTSATTTTMTNTTCTTTCTTTHHTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTNGAATTTTTTTCAGHTT	729
OY		661	TTTCATTCAGCCCAACAACCGTGTGAGAGATTCAGATTTTCATGAAGAATTCAAAATT	720
Dd		730	HWCTTTTTTTTTACAMTNMTTTTMAATBTTTMTTMTTWTACATHVTWMACRC	789
OY		721	ACAACATATATACACTATACACTANGAATTCACACTAATACATAGATGGTGACCTGTGC	780
Dd		790	AACACACMTTTKKTCTWHTATATACACNNCAATAATACRACAMTWTACTTCCHFTT	849
OY		781	CCCCACTATGGAAGCOTATTCATATTTTATT 819	
Dd		850	CTMCANTTTTCTACTCTWCMATTCCTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT 888	
RESULT 4				
CNSOOSER				
LOCUS				
DEFINITION				
VERSION				
KEYWORDS				
SOURCE				
ORGANISM				
REFERENCE				
AUTHORS				
TITLE				
JOURNAL				
COMMENT				

FEATURES
source

location/Qualifiers
1.392
/organism="Drosophila melanogaster"
/db_xref="taxon:7227"
/clone="BACR11805"
/clone_11b="RPCT-98"
/note="end : TET3"
BASE COUNT 180 a 15 c 29 g 209 t 159 others
ORIGIN

Query Match 4.6%; Score 56; DB 17; Length 592;
Best Local Similarity 41.7%; Pred. No. 1.6; Mismatches 164; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 128; Conservative 15; Mismatches 164; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 880 AAGTCGAGAAAGACAGACCAATGAAACCTTACGAAATCAAAACCTTGAGG 939
DB 13 AA 72
QY 940 ACTTACGCGAGATCTCGTAGAAACCTTTGTAGCTGCATCAATCTTT 999
DB 73 AAAAAAAAAATAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAAT 132
QY 1000 TTTTCAGCTTACTATGATATTAATGAAATGATATGCTATGCTATAGTGA 1059
DB 133 TTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTT 192
QY 1060 GACGTTGAGGAAATTTCTAGTCCGTAACCTTGTACTGAGTGTCTACTTTCAAAA 1119
DB 193 TANNNTNNNAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTA 252
QY 1120 AGCACTTTTGTAGTCTCAAAAACATTAATAAGCTTTCTTGTCCCATCTTTGT 1179
DB 253 AAAAAAAAAATAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTA 312
QY 1180 CCGATC 1186
DB 313 SMTCTC 319

RESULT 5
CNS012GM 1029 bp DNA linear GSS 12-MAY-2000
LOCUS Tetracodon nigroviridis genome survey sequence PUC-ori end of clone
DEFINITION 220112 of library 6 from Tetracodon nigroviridis, genomic survey
sequence.
ACCESSION AL174271.1 GI:7812328
VERSION AL174271.1
KEYWORDS GSS; genome survey sequence.
SOURCE Tetracodon nigroviridis.
ORGANISM Tetracodon nigroviridis.
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;
Acanthomorpha; Acanthopterygii; Percomorphi; Tetraodontiformes;
Tetraodontidae; Tetraodon.
1 (bases 1 to 1029)
Roest-Crollius, H., Jallion, O., Dasilva, C., Bouneau, L., Fisher, C.,
Bernot, A., Fizes, C., Winkler, P., Brothier, P., Quetier, F.,
Saurin, W. and Weissbach, J.
Human gene number estimate provided by genome wide analysis using
Tetracodon nigroviridis DNA sequence
Unpublished

TITLE
JOURNAL
REFERENCE
AUTHORS
2 (bases 1 to 1029)
Roest-Crollius, H., Jallion, O., Dasilva, C., Fizes, C., Fisher, C.,
Bouneau, L., Billault, A., Quetier, F., Saurin, W., Bernot, A. and
Weissbach, J.
Characterization and repeat analysis of the compact genome of the
freshwater pufferfish Tetracodon nigroviridis
Unpublished
3 (bases 1 to 1029)
Genoscope.
Direct Submission
Submitted (12-APR-2000)
This sequence is a single read and was generated as part of a large

JOURNAL
REFERENCE
AUTHORS
TITLE
JOURNAL
COMMENT

scale clone-end sequencing project of the Tetracodon nigroviridis
genome. For more information, please take a look at
<http://www.genoscope.cns.fr/Tetracodon>.

FEATURES
source

location/Qualifiers
1.1029
/organism="Tetracodon nigroviridis"
/db_xref="taxon:99883"
/clone="220112"
/clone_11b="G"
/note="Genoscope sequence ID : C0AG220B06SP1-end :
PUC-ori"
BASE COUNT 297 a 124 c 66 g 457 t 85 others
ORIGIN

Query Match 4.5%; Score 55; DB 17; Length 1029;
Best Local Similarity 41.1%; Pred. No. 1.9; Mismatches 223; Conservative 28; Mismatches 290; Indels 2; Gaps 1;

QY 83 ACTTCATCATCAGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGAT 142
DB 412 ATTCTTTTATATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTA 471
QY 143 TATGTTTACGAGCTTATATATACAGTATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 202
DB 472 TTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTT 531
QY 203 TGTATTTCTGTTTCAACAAGCTGTAATTCGCTTTGACAGTACATAGATG 262
DB 532 TTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTT 591
QY 263 ACTCAACCTTCGAGGATATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 322
DB 592 AATTAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAA 651
QY 323 CATTCATTAATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGAT 382
DB 652 TTTTATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTA 711
QY 383 AATGATCTACAGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGAT 442
DB 712 AATATTTTATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTA 771
QY 443 CATGATTAATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGAT 502
DB 772 TTTATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTA 831
QY 503 AACATACAGGCTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGAT 562
DB 832 ATAAATAAATTTTCTTTTATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTA 889
QY 563 GTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTT 622
DB 890 TTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTT 949
QY 623 TTT 625
DB 950 TTT 952

RESULT 6
CNS014AC 1091 bp DNA linear GSS 26-JUL-1999
LOCUS Drosophila melanogaster genome survey sequence SP6 end of BAC
DEFINITION BACN11F13 of DrosBAC library from Drosophila melanogaster (fruit
fly), genomic survey sequence.
ACCESSION AL103902.1 GI:561513
VERSION AL103902.1
KEYWORDS GSS.
SOURCE Drosophila melanogaster.
ORGANISM Drosophila melanogaster.
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Hexapoda; Insecta; Pterygota;
Neoptera; Endopterygota; Diptera; Brachycera; Muscomorpha;
Ephydroidea; Drosophilidae; Drosophila.

JOURNAL
REFERENCE
AUTHORS
TITLE
JOURNAL
COMMENT

[illegible]

Query Match 4.48; Score 53; DB 17; Length 1101;
Best Local Similarity 19.88; Pred. No. 4.1;
Matches 102; Conservative 185; Mismatches 229; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

BASE COUNT	598 a	78 c	96 g	157 t	275 others
ORIGIN					
Query Match	4.3%; Score 52.6; DB 13; Length 1204;				
Best Local Similarity	28.8%; Pred. No. 4.6;				
Matches 183; Conservative	0; Mismatches 448; Indels 4; Gaps 1				
Db	1	TTTGAATTTATGATTTATTTCTATACATTTAGAACTATATAGAGTTTGTAGCTTCACTTG 60			
Db	1108	TTTTTTTNNNNNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTT 1049			
Qy	61	GGTACTGTTGTGCTCAAGCAACTGCATCATCATACATACATAGTGTTTGATATGCTCTGC 120			
Db	1048	TTTTTTTTTTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNT 989			
Qy	121	CATATACATGACCTTATGATTTATGTTTATAGAGCTTATTAATACATGATGATGATTC 180			
Db	988	NNNTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNT 929			
Qy	181	ACTATTTGATATATGCTTCGCTGATATATCTGTTTCATACAGTCGTATATTTGCTG 240			
Db	928	TNNNTTNNNNNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNT 869			
Qy	241	TTTGTACAGTATGATATGATGACTCAACTCTGAGGATATAGTTGAAGTTCATGTAA 300			
Db	868	TNTNTNTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNT 809			
Qy	301	TTAGCTTTGTTTATCATAGTACATTTGATATATATGCTGCTGATCAATGATTAAGCA 360			
Db	808	TNNNNNNNNNTTNNNNNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNT 749			
Qy	361	TTGAGGAGCAAGCAACTTTC---TAAATGAATCAGCAATGATGATTAAGTCA 416			
Db	748	TTTTTTTTTNNNNNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTT 689			
Qy	417	TATTTTGTACTCTGTCAGTCAGATCATGATATGATGCTATTTGTTTAAAGCT 476			
Db	688	TTTTTTTTTTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNT 629			
Qy	477	GTTTCAGATGATCCATCATCATGTAACAACATACAGGTGTAGTCCCAATCCATCATATG 536			
Db	628	TTTNNNNNNNTTNNNNNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNT 569			
Qy	537	CACCTCTTTCTCTCAATTTGGTCTCTGTTTTTTTTTTCATGATCATGATTAATATTC 596			
Db	568	NNNNNNNNNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTTNTT 509			
Qy	597	AAGAAGTCACTCGACATATGATTTTTCAAAT 631			
Db	508	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTNTTATAGCTTTTGCCTAT 474			
RESULT 11					
CNS033G0/c	1135 bp DNA Linear GSS 15-MAY-2000				
LOCUS	Tetraodon nigroviridis genome survey sequence PUC-ori end of clone				
DEFINITION	208p24 of library G from Tetraodon nigroviridis, genomic survey				
ACCESSION	sequence.				
VERSION	AL226115				
KEYWORDS	GSS; genome survey sequence.				
SOURCE	Tetraodon nigroviridis.				
ORGANISM	Tetraodon nigroviridis				
REFERENCE	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;				
AUTHORS	Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;				
	Acanthomorpha; Acanthopterygii; Percomorpha; Tetraodontiformes;				
	Tetraodontidae; Tetraodon.				
	1 (bases 1 to 1135)				

LOCUS	CNS00008	1101 bp	DNA	linear	GSS 03-JUN-1995
DEFINITION	Drosophila melanogaster genome survey sequence. TERN3 end of BAC # BAC0124 of RPC1-98 library from Drosophila melanogaster (fruit fly), genomic survey sequence.				
ACCESSION	AL063632				
VERSION	AL063632.1	GI:4938680			
KEYWORDS	GSS.				
SOURCE	Drosophila melanogaster.				
ORGANISM	Drosophila melanogaster Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Hexapoda; Insecta; Pterygota; Neoptera; Endopterygota; Diptera; Brachycera; Muscomorpha; Ephydroidea; Drosophilidae; Drosophila. 1 (bases 1 to 1101)				
REFERENCE	Genoscope.				
AUTHORS	Direct Submission				
TITLE	Submitted (02-JUN-1999) Genoscope - Centre National de Sequencage :				
JOURNAL	Bp 191 91006 EVR cedex - FRANCE (E-mail : segrefgenoscope.cns.fr - Web : www.genoscope.cns.fr) Determination of this BAC end sequence was carried out as part of a collaboration with the Berkeley Drosophila Genome Project (BDGP). The BDGP is constructing a physical map of the Drosophila melanogaster genome using these BACs. For further information please see http://www.fruitfly.org The BDGP Drosophila melanogaster BAC library was prepared by Kazutoyo Osoegawa and Aron Mamoser in Pieter de Jong's laboratory in the Department of Cancer Genetics at the Roswell Park Cancer Institute in Buffalo, NY. The library is named RPC1-98 and was constructed by partial EcoRI digestion of Drosophila DNA provided by the BDGP from the isogenic strain Y2; cn bw sp, the same strain used for the BDGP's P1 and EST libraries. A more detailed description of the library and how to order individual BAC clones, the entire library, or filters for hybridization from the BACPAC Resource Center can be found at http://bacpac.med.buffalo.edu/drosophila_bac.htm .				
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Best Local Similarity	36.5%; Pred. No. 6.2;				
Matches 148; Conservative 50; Mismatches 208; Indels 0; Gaps 0;					
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QY	250 GTACAGTAGATCGATCAACCTCTGAGATTAATGTAAGATTCATGATAATGACCTTG	309			
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Db	743 WTTWMAAMTTWTTATTTTAAATTWRAATTTKGAATTTTATTTATTTATTTTATTT	802			
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QY	370 AGCAAGCTTCTAATGAATCTACGAATGATGATTAAGTTCAATGATATTTTGTACT	429			
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QY	430 TCTGACGTCAATCAGATGAGTATTTAGCTATTTGTTTTTAAAGCCGTTCAGATGATC	489			
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QY	490 CAGCATAGTAACAACATACACGCTGATGCCAATCAATCAATGACACCTCTTCT	549			
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QY	550 TCAATTTGCTCTTTTTTTTTTTCATGATGCAATGCAATATTT 595				
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Db      1043  MATWTWTATAAATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTMMAAATATTAATTTTTTTTWT 1088

RESULT 14
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LOCUS      Tetradon nigroviridis genome survey sequence T7 end of clone
DEFINITION 222111 of library G from Tetradon nigroviridis, genomic survey
sequence.
ACCESSION  AL175686
VERSION    AL175696.1 GI:7813753
KEYWORDS  GSS; genome survey sequence.
SOURCE    Tetradon nigroviridis.
ORGANISM  Tetradon nigroviridis.
           Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
           Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;
           Acanthomorphi; Acanthopterygii; Percomorphi; Tetraodontiformes;
           Tetraodontidae; Tetraodon.
REFERENCE  1 (bases 1 to 1092)
AUTHORS   Roest-Crollius,H., Jallion,O., Dasilva,C., Bouneau,L., Fisher,C.,
           Bernot,A., Fitzames,C., Wincker,P., Brothier,P., Quetier,F.,
           Saurin,W. and Weissbach,J.
TITLE     Human gene number estimate provided by genome wide analysis using
           Tetradon nigroviridis DNA sequence
JOURNAL   Unpublished
REFERENCE  2 (bases 1 to 1092)
AUTHORS   Roest-Crollius,H., Jallion,O., Dasilva,C., Bouneau,L., Fisher,C.,
           Bouneau,L., Billault,A., Quetier,F., Saurin,W., Bernot,A. and
           Weissbach,J.
TITLE     Characterization and repeat analysis of the compact genome of the
           freshwater pufferfish Tetradon nigroviridis
JOURNAL   Unpublished
REFERENCE  3 (bases 1 to 1092)
AUTHORS   Genoscope.
           Direct Submission
           Submitted (12-APR-2000)
           This sequence is a single read and was generated as part of a large
           scale clone-end sequencing project of the tetradon nigroviridis
           genome. For more information, please take a look at
           http://www.genoscope.cns.fr/tetraodon.
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Best Local Similarity 37.18; Pred. No.10;
Matches 182; Conservative 63; Mismatches 238; Indels 7; Gaps 2;

QY 106 TTGATATGCGCTCCATTAACAGTGAGCCCTATGATTAAGAGAGCTTAATAT 165
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QY 166 CACTGATGCGATTCAGTATGTGATTAATGCTCGTGTATTTGCTTTCATACAG 225
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QY 226 TCGTGTAATTTGCGTTTGAGACGATGAGATGATGACATCAACCTCTGAGATTAAGT 285
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Db 967 WTATATATTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 910
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QY 286 TGAAGTCATGTAATTAAGCTTGTTGATATGATAGTATGATTAATTAATTAATTAAT 345
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Db 909 WAAAAAAMAAAMATTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 850
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QY 346 GCTAATGATTAAGCATGAGAGGAGACACTTCTTAATGAATCTACGAATGAGATGATA 405
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us-09-701-926b-1.rnpb

GenCore version 5.1.5
(c) 1993 - 2003 Compu

ral

Search time 185. Seconds

8686.500 million cell updates/sec

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Scoring table: IDENTITY_NUC

Searched: 828747 seqs, 660231138 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 1657494

Maximum DB seq length: 20000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Listing first 45 summaries

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- 2: /cgn2_6/ptodata/2/pubnpna/PCCT_NEW_PUB.seq *
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- 14: /cgn2_6/ptodata/2/pubnpna/US60_PUBCONB.seq *

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed and is derived by analysts of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

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1	44.8	3.7	5610	9	US-10-539-676-169	Sequence 169, App	
2	44.4	3.6	5689	9	US-10-539-676-90	Sequence 90, Appl	
3	44.4	3.6	8842	9	US-10-539-676-72	Sequence 72, Appl	
4	43.2	3.5	12968	9	US-10-539-676-202	Sequence 202, Appl	
5	42.8	3.5	7903	9	US-10-239-676-110	Sequence 110, App	
6	42.4	3.5	3118	10	US-09-815-242-4518	Sequence 4518, A	
7	42.4	3.1	3188	10	US-09-815-242-8519	Sequence 8519, A	
8	40.4	3.3	6282	9	US-10-539-676-127	Sequence 127, Appl	
9	40.2	3.3	12405	9	US-10-539-676-35	Sequence 35, Appl	
10	40	3.3	15732	9	US-10-539-676-95	Sequence 95, Appl	
11	39.6	3.3	426	10	US-09-960-352-8606	Sequence 8606, A	
12	39.6	3.3	2093	9	US-10-005-530-42	Sequence 42, Appl	
13	39.6	3.3	640681	10	US-09-790-988-1	Sequence 1, Appl	
14	39.2	3.2	9293	9	US-10-239-676-26	Sequence 26, Appl	
15	39	3.2	6306	9	US-10-239-676-129	Sequence 129, App	
16	38.8	3.2	414	10	US-09-960-352-6528	Sequence 6528, A	
17	38.8	3.2	7657	9	US-10-239-676-185	Sequence 185, App	
18	38.6	3.2	2000	9	US-09-938-874-3858	Sequence 3858, App	
19	38.4	3.2	530	9	US-09-796-692-8670	Sequence 8670, Ap	

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C	20	38.4	3.2	530	9	US-10-040-862-6670	Sequence 8670, Ap
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C	23	38.4	3.2	513509	9	US-09-754-853A-4	Sequence 4, Appl
C	24	38.4	3.1	1813	10	US-09-680-578-3	Sequence 3, Appl
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C	26	38	3.1	355	10	US-09-660-352-14757	Sequence 14757, A
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C	29	37.8	3.1	1819	9	US-10-105-891-87	Sequence 87, Appl
C	30	37.8	3.1	9515	9	US-10-239-676-160	Sequence 160, App
C	31	37.8	3.1	11464	12	US-10-100-057-17	Sequence 17, Appl
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C	36	37.2	3.1	570	9	US-09-918-995-12139	Sequence 12139, A
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C	38	37.2	3.1	7657	9	US-10-239-676-186	Sequence 186, App
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RESULT 1
 US-10-239-676-169
 : Sequence 169, Application US/10239676
 : Publication No. US20030082609A1
 GENERAL INFORMATION:
 APPLICANT: OLEK, Alexander
 APPLICANT: PIPENBROCK, Christian
 APPLICANT: BERLIN, Kurt
 TITLE OF INVENTION: Diagnosis of Diseases Associated with Gene Regulation
 FILE REFERENCE: 5013.1003
 CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/239,676
 PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-09-24
 PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/EP019368
 DE 10019058.8
 DE 10019173.8
 DE 10032529.7
 DE 10043826.1
 PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-04-06
 2000-04-06
 2000-04-07
 2000-06-30
 2000-09-01
 NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 228
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 LENGTH: 5610
 TYPE: DNA
 ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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 OTHER INFORMATION: chemically treated genomic DNA (Homo sapiens)
 US-10-239-676-169
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 Best Local Similarity 52.1%; Pred. No. 1.4;
 Matches 100; Conservative 0; Mismatches 92; Indels 0; Gaps 0
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 QY 339 CTCGTAGCTAATGATGAGCCATTGGAGGAGCAAGCTTCTTAATGATCTACGAATG 398
 DB 1144 TATGAGACATTTTGGAGAGGATTTGGGAGAAAATTTGTTTAATGTAATATATATATG 1203

us-09-701-926b-1.rnpb

Page 3

[illegible]

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DB      1659 AAGAAATTAATTCGTTATTTT 1684
      1111 11 11 1111 11

RESULT 6
US-09-815-242-4518/c
Sequence 4518, Application US/09815242
Patent No. US20020061569A1

GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Haselbeck, Robert
APPLICANT: Ohlsen, Karl L.
APPLICANT: Zyskind, Judith W.
APPLICANT: Wall, Daniel
APPLICANT: Trawick, John D.
APPLICANT: Carr, Grant J.
APPLICANT: Yamamoto, Robert T.
APPLICANT: Xu, H. Howard
TITLE OF INVENTION: Identification of Essential Genes in
TITLE OF INVENTION: Prokaryotes
FILE REFERENCE: ELITRA.011A
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/815,242
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-03-21
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBERS: 60/191,079

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PRIORITY APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/206,848
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-05-23
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/207,727
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-05-26
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/242,578
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-10-23
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/253,625
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-11-27
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/257,931
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-12-22
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/269,308
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-02-16
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 14110
SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
SEQ ID NO 4518
LENGTH: 3111
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Staphylococcus aureus
S-08-815-242-4518

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DE 10043826.1
 PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-04-06
 2000-04-06
 2000-04-07
 2000-06-30
 2000-09-01
 NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 228
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 LENGTH: 12405
 TYPE: DNA
 ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 FEATURE:
 OTHER INFORMATION: chemically treated genomic DNA (Homo sapiens)
 NAME/KEY: unsure
 LOCATION: (7895)
 US-10-239-676-35

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 Best Local Similarity 48.8%; Pred. No. 28;
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 OY 118 TTCCATTATCAGCAGCCTTATATATGTTTACAGCCTTAATATATCAGTATGCTGA 177
 DB 3251 TTTTGTATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAAG 3310
 OY 178 TTCCAGTATGCTATGATGCTGCTGCTGATTAATTCCTTATCAATACAGCCTTAATTC 237
 DB 3311 TTAAGTTTGTATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAAGT 3370
 OY 238 CTTGTTGTCAGACAGTATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 296
 DB 3371 TTTGATTTGATGCTGCTTATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 3430
 OY 297 TAAATAGCTTTGTTATATATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 337
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RESULT 10
 US-10-239-676-95
 Sequence 95, Application US/10233676
 Publication No. US20030082609A1
 GENERAL INFORMATION:
 APPLICANT: OLEK, Alexander
 APPLICANT: PIEPENBROCK, Christian
 APPLICANT: BERLIN, Kurt
 TITLE OF INVENTION: Diagnosis of Diseases Associated with Gene Regulation
 FILE REFERENCE: 5013.1003
 CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/239, 676
 CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-09-24
 PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PC/EP01/03968
 DE 10019058.8
 DE 10019173.8
 DE 10032529.7
 DE 10043826.1
 PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-04-06
 2000-04-06
 2000-04-07
 2000-06-30
 2000-09-01
 NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 228
 SEQ ID NO 95
 LENGTH: 15732
 TYPE: DNA
 ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 FEATURE:
 OTHER INFORMATION: chemically treated genomic DNA (Homo sapiens)
 US-10-239-676-95

Query Match 3.3%; Score 40; DB 9; Length 15732;
 Best Local Similarity 47.2%; Pred. No. 35;
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 DB 10244 GTTATATTTATTAAGTTTGTATGATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTAT 10303
 OY 314 TCAATAGTATGATTTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 373
 DB 10304 TTAATGATTTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTAT 10363
 OY 374 AGCTTCTAATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 433
 DB 10364 TTTTATTTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 10421
 OY 434 CAGTCAGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 493
 DB 10422 AAGTTGATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTAT 10481
 OY 494 ATCAGTACACATACAGTATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 519
 DB 10482 ATTTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTAT 10507

RESULT 11
 US-09-960-352-8406
 Sequence 8406, Application US/09960352
 Patent No. US20020137139A1
 GENERAL INFORMATION:
 APPLICANT: Warren, Wesley C.
 APPLICANT: Tao, Nengbing
 APPLICANT: Byatt, John C.
 APPLICANT: Mathalagan, Nagappan
 TITLE OF INVENTION: NUCLEIC ACID AND OTHER MOLECULES ASSOCIATED WITH LACTATION
 FILE REFERENCE: 16511.006/37-21(10298)C
 CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/960,352
 CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-09-24
 NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 15112
 SEQ ID NO 8406
 LENGTH: 426
 TYPE: DNA
 ORGANISM: Bos taurus
 OTHER INFORMATION: Clone ID: 36-LIB3058-032-Q1-R1-A12
 US-09-960-352-8406

Query Match 3.3%; Score 39.6; DB 10; Length 426;
 Best Local Similarity 49.1%; Pred. No. 6.9;
 Matches 105; Conservative 0; Mismatches 109; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 449 TATATGAGCTATGTTTATTTTAAAGCCTTTCATATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 508
 DB 212 TTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTAT 271
 OY 509 CAGGTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 568
 DB 272 TTAATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTAT 331
 OY 569 TTTTATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 628
 DB 332 TATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTAT 391
 OY 629 AATCCACCTTTGTCACAGCAGTATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 662
 DB 392 TTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTAT 425

score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysts of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

(without alignments)

11033.681 Million cell updates/sec

.....gtcaacacacacaca 1217

umeters: 4109280

GenEmbl:★

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2: gb.htg:*
3: gb_lm:*
4: gb.om:*
5: gb.ov:*
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7: gb.ph:*
8: gb.pl:*
9: gb.pr:*
10: gb.ro:*
11: gb.sts:*
12: gb.sy:*
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14: gb_vl:*
15: em.ba:*
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Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a

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ACCESSION	A50017			
VERSION	A50017.1	GI:2303200		
KEYWORDS				
SOURCE	unidentified.			
ORGANISM	unidentified			
REFERENCE	unclassified.			
AUTHORS	1 (bases 1 to 2094)			
TITLE	Pedersen,H.F., Kreiberg,J.D. and Lund,M.			
JOURNAL	PROMOTER FROM A PLANT ALPHA-AMYLASE GENE			
	Patent: WO 9612813-A 1 02-MAR-1996;			
	DANISCO (CVR)			

ALIGNMENTS

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	471.4	38.7	2094	6	AS0017	AS0017 Sequence 1
2	59.4	4.9	1141	6	AX083744	AX083744 Sequence
3	53	4.4	8952	6	AX251200	AX251200 Sequence
4	51.6	4.2	1141	6	AX083744	AX083744 Sequence
5	51.2	4.2	61052	2	AC117074	AC117074 Dictyoste
6	51.2	4.2	61052	2	AC123513	AC123513 Dictyoste
7	51.2	4.2	268147	2	AC116966	AC116966 Dictyoste
8	51	4.2	6531	6	AX345543	AX345543 Sequence
9	51	4.2	125403	9	AC008929	AC008929 Homo sapi
10	51	4.2	148193	9	AC027347	AC027347 Homo sapi
11	51	4.2	220146	9	AC034179	AC034179 Homo sapi
12	51	4.2	223228	2	AC016365	AC116365 Homo sapi
13	49.8	4.1	74539	2	HS1012F6	AL080274 Human DNA
14	49.8	4.1	127811	2	AC008375	AC008375 Homo sapi
15	49.8	4.1	130540	2	AC079417	AC079417 Mus muscu
16	49.8	4.1	163056	2	AL359968	AL359968 Homo sapi
17	49.8	4.1	173669	2	AC017110	AC017110 Homo sapi
18	49.8	4.1	179203	9	AC008194	AC008194 Homo sapi
19	49.8	4.1	189486	9	AC008733	AC008733 Homo sapi
20	49.8	4.1	201981	2	AC073640	AC073640 Homo sapi
21	49.4	4.1	196216	8	AF165818	AF165818 Galliar
22	49.2	4.0	5647	6	AX325020	AX325020 Sequence
23	49.2	4.0	5647	6	AX344668	AX344668 Sequence
24	49.2	4.0	5647	6	AX348787	AX348787 Sequence
25	49.2	4.0	154028	2	HSAC002087	AC116979 Dictyoste
26	48.8	4.0	107739	2	AX281366	AX281366 Sequence
27	48.4	4.0	15674	6	AX345265	AX345265 Sequence
28	48.4	4.0	15674	6	AX348946	AX348946 Sequence
29	48.4	4.0	15674	6	AX348946	AX348946 Sequence
30	48.2	4.0	146383	2	AC116367	AC116367 Dictyoste
31	48	3.9	894	11	CNS06KRO	AL033624 Oryza sat
32	47.2	3.9	65441	3	PFMAL1P4	AL033624 Oryza sat
33	47.2	3.9	253305	3	PFMAL1P7	AL033624 Oryza sat
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35	46.8	3.8	56152	2	AC116963	AC116963 Dictyoste
36	46.8	3.8	153837	2	AL772144	AL772144 Dictyoste
37	46.6	3.8	107289	2	AC116923	AC116923 Dictyoste
38	46.6	3.8	140211	2	AC122656	AC122656 Dictyoste
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41	46.4	3.8	182200	10	ALP005504	ALP005504 Oryza sat
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44	46.2	3.8	19236	6	AX344818	AX344818 Sequence
45	46.2	3.8	349980	6	AX344560	AX344560 Sequence

COMMENT Other publication AU 3075095 960515.
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1.2094
 /organism="unidentified"
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Query Match 38.7%; Score 471.4; DB 6; Length 2094;
 Best Local Similarity 77.5%; Pred. No. 6.5e-86;
 Matches 680; Conservative 0; Mismatches 171; Indels 26; Gaps 8;

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 61 GCTTACGTTGCTGCTCAACCACTTCATCATCATAGATAGTGTGTTGATATCTCTTC 120
 1041 TCTTATGTTGCTCAACCACTTCATCATCATAGATAGTGTGTTGATATCTCTTC 1097
 121 CATATCACTGAGCTTATGTTATGTTTATGAGCTTATATATATATATATATATATAT 180
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 1157 AGATTTGATTTATGCTCTGTTGATTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTG 1216
 241 TTTGTCAGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 300
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 1337 TTGAGGAG 1396
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 1397 TATGATATTTGTTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 1455
 470 TAAGCTGTTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 529
 1456 TAAGCTGTTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 1511
 530 TCATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 589
 1512 GATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 1571
 590 ATTATTCAGAGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 649
 1572 TTTTTCATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 1627
 650 TACACGCTTTTTCATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 709
 1628 CTTCGAGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 1687
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 770 TGCACCTGTCGCCCACTCATGTAAGAGCTTATTCATTTTATTTTTC-ACAACT 828
 1747 TGCATGTCGCCCACTCATGTAAGAGCTTATTCATTTTATTTTTCACAACTT 1806
 829 AAATTAAGACGACAACTCCGCTGCTGTGCTC 865
 1807 GAATTCAGACACAACTCCGCTGCTGTGCTC 1843

RESULT 2
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 LOCUS
 DEFINITION Sequence 22 from Patent WO0111061.
 ACCESSION AX083744
 VERSION AX083744.1 GI:13185472
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE
 ORGANISM
 synthetic construct.
 artificial sequences.
 1 (bases 1 to 1141)
 AUTHORS
 Kunst, L. and Clemens, S.
 TITLE
 Regulation of embryonic transcription in plants
 JOURNAL
 Patent: WO 011061-A 22 15-FEB-2001;
 UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA (CA)
 Location/Qualifiers
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 BASE COUNT 123 a 32 c 42 g 112 t 832 others
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Query Match 4.9%; Score 59.4; DB 6; Length 1141;
 Best Local Similarity 11.1%; Pred. No. 0.034;
 Matches 120; Conservative 398; Mismatches 551; Indels 9; Gaps 3;

88 ATCATCATACAGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 147
 59 WTMAHMYCKYRMYNNKSHMKYKKWYBCANNISBRHARRMDKRAYEMTKMKW 118
 148 TTTACGAGCTTAATATATCATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 207
 119 GKTGRRHRYMRMBDTYVHHYTTANNAMATTCMDKDKRTYRMWKKNNAATGMD 178
 208 TATCTGTTTCATACAGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 266
 179 TKYHMMNNCCBYTMMVTKITDMSBKRMKMBMKWMSDYTYMMWMDCKRY 238
 267 AACCTTCTGAGTATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 326
 239 RRVVTRGRMRNVAAVBTHRRYNNGWBAVAYRWYNNNNNNNAKAKRAKRWGN 298
 327 TGATATATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 386
 299 RAVNSTCTTWSKTKTKVRSWANNCRAGDANKDHRKMWSAAGYNNNNNNNNNTYK 358
 387 AATCTAGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 446
 359 KAHBRARMDVMSAMKMHANAHYSRKWTBTKRTVYNNNNNGTTMMRMAMTWKMD 418
 447 AGTATATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 506
 419 MDWBGTYNNNNNGRITYYGWTKMKMYTKYKMANCKRMAHDKCTHNTTMMMKY 478
 507 TACAGGCTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 566
 479 WNNCYMSKTNKSHRBAALVYTWMMWRRYVHANNNNNDYWKACTWKKYVCSKRW 538
 567 TTTTTCATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 620
 539 NYAAMYTSSWNTSRIRKTNNSRMRSDTYSKGRANYAABHYGYKMTRMWBSH 598
 621 TTTTCAAAATCACCTTGTTCAGACATGACAGCTTTTTCATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 680
 599 TWBHRAGAAHYMMBMKYBAKCHMKRAYAKRYAGAGSNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNATCA 658
 681 GGTGAGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 740
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RESULT 3	LOCUS	DEFINITION	ACCESSION	VERSION	KEYWORDS
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			Linear		
			PAT 05-OCT-2001		

BASE COUNT	/note="chemically treated genomic DNA (Homo sapiens)"			
ORIGIN	a	c	g	t
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Query Match	4.48;	Score 53;	DB 6;	length 8952;
Best Local Similarity	50.28;	Pred. No. 0.46;		
Matches 157;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches 155;	Indels 1;
			Gaps	1

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QY	40 AGAGGTGGTAGCTCACTGGCTACCTGTGTGCTCAAGACACTTCATCATACAG	99
Db	6392 AACATTTTAAATTTTTTTTTTGGGTGGTTTTGGTTTGAAGAATTTGTTATGTAAT	645
QY	100 TATGCTTTTGATATGCTCTTCACATATACACAGCCCTTATGATTTATGTTACAGCTA	159
Db	6452 AGAGTATTTAAATTTGGTATTTATTTCTTTA-TATTTATTTTAAATATTTTTTAT	6510
QY	160 TATATCACTGATGCTGATTCAGTACAGTATGATTTATGATTCCTTGATATCTCTTCA	219
Db	6511 TTTTAAATAGGTGGGTGAATGCTGTTTTTTTAAATTTGATTTAGTATTATTTT	6570
QY	220 TACAAGCTCGTAATTTGCTGTTTGACAGACAGATGATATGCACTCAACCTTCGAGGT	279
Db	6571 TTGTTTTTTTGTGTTGTTGTTTCTTTGTTTATATGTTATGTTAAAGGTTTTTAAGT	6630

RESULT 4	LOCUS	DEFINITION	ACCESSION	VERSION	SEQUENCE	GI	1141 bp	DNA	1linear	PAT 28-FEB-2001
AX083744/c	AX083744	Sequence 22 from Patent WO0111061.	AX083744	AX083744.1	GI:13185472					

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    /db_xref="taxon:32630"
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	"nucleo-consensus sequence of A.t., L.a., and B.n. FAEL promoters"				

Query Match	4.2%;	Score 51.6;	DB 6;	Length 1141;
Best local Similarity	11.6%;	Pred. NO. 1.3;		
Matches 117;	Conservative 353;	Mismatches 531;	Indels 4;	Gaps 2

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BASE COUNT 25445 a 6805 c 6328 g 22474 t
ORIGIN

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	AC123513			
	LOCUS	61052 bp		
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	ACCESSION	AC123513		
	VERSION	AC123513.1		
	KEYWORDS	AC123513.1 GI:21240650		
	SOURCE	HTG: HTGS-PHASE2.		
	ORGANISM	Dictyostellium discoidem.		
		Dictyostellium discoidem.		
		Dictyostellium discoidem		
		Eukaryota; Mycetozoa; Dictyostellida; Dictyostellium.		
	REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 61052)		

TITLE	Sequence and Analysis of Chromosome 2 of Dictyostelium
JOURNAL	Unpublished
REMARK	The Dictyostelium Genome Sequencing Consortium
REFERENCE	2 (bases 1 to 61052)
AUTHORS	Baumgart,C.
JOURNAL	Direct Submission
COMMENT	Submitted (29-MAY-2002) Genome Analysis, Institute of Molecular Biotechnology, Beutenbergstr. 11, Jena 07745, Germany CDS predictions from Genaid may contain errors. Further Information is available from IMB Jena, Department of Genome Analysis (http://genome.imb-jena.de/dictyostelium/) and the University Cologne, Institute for Biochemistry I (http://www.uni-koeln.de/dictyostelium/project.shtml) Funding Agency : Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (DFG). * NOTE: This is a 'working draft' sequence. * This sequence will be replaced * by the finished sequence as soon as it is available and * the accession number will be preserved. Location/Qualifiers
FEATURES	

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pseudo

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REFERENCE		4 (bases 1 to 125403)	
AUTHORS	DOE Joint Genome Institute and Stanford Human Genome Center.		
TITLE	Direct Submission		
JOURNAL	Submitted (01-FEB-2000) DOE Joint Genome Institute, 2800 Mitchell Drive, Walnut Creek, CA 94598, USA		
REFERENCE	5 (bases 1 to 125403)		
AUTHORS	DOE Joint Genome Institute and Stanford Human Genome Center.		
TITLE	Direct Submission		
JOURNAL	Submitted (02-FEB-2000) DOE Joint Genome Institute, 2800 Mitchell Drive, Walnut Creek, CA 94598, USA		
REFERENCE	6 (bases 1 to 125403)		
AUTHORS	DOE Joint Genome Institute and Stanford Human Genome Center.		
TITLE	Direct Submission		
JOURNAL	Submitted (18-APR-2000) DOE Joint Genome Institute, 2800 Mitchell Drive, Walnut Creek, CA 94598, USA		
REFERENCE	7 (bases 1 to 125403)		
AUTHORS	DOE Joint Genome Institute and Stanford Human Genome Center.		
TITLE	Direct Submission		
JOURNAL	Submitted (23-JAN-2002) DOE Joint Genome Institute, 2800 Mitchell Drive, Walnut Creek, CA 94598, USA		
COMMENT	On Dec 17, 1999 this sequence version replaced gi:6165130. Draft Sequence Produced by DOE Joint Genome Institute www.jgi.doe.gov Flushing Completed at Stanford Human Genome Center www.sshpc.stanford.edu Quality: Phrap Quality >=40 99.8% of Sequence; Estimated Total Number of Errors is 0.3. Location/Qualifiers 1. 125403		
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OY	1028 TGAATATGTTATTCGTGTTAAAGTAGTAGAGTGCAGTTTGAGAGCAATTTCTAGTCGGTTA 1087		
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VERSION	AC027347.5 GI:14518405		
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REFERENCE	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.		
AUTHORS	DOE Joint Genome Institute and Stanford Human Genome Center.		
TITLE	Direct Submission		
JOURNAL	Unpublished		
REFERENCE	2 (bases 1 to 148193)		
AUTHORS	DOE Joint Genome Institute.		

----- Genome Center -----
 Center: Washington University Genome Sequencing Center
 Center code: WUGSC
 Web site: <http://genome.wustl.edu/gsc/index.shtml>

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Db 200529	AGCTTTTAAAAATTCAGTGCATACCTTTTATTCAGAAATTCATTTGCTCTTAC	200588		
QY 1028	TGAATATCTTATGCTGTATTAAAGTGGTGAAGCAATTCCTAGTCGGTAA	1087		
Db 200589	AAAATTAGTTCTGTCATCAATATTTCTTCTGTCTATTTGCTTCACACCTTCC	200648		
QY 1088	ATCTTGACAGCTGTCTCACTTTTCAAAAAGACAGTATTTGCTGTCAAAACACT	1147		
Db 200649	TTCAATCTTATCAAAACATTTAATTTTCTTAAAGCTCTTTTGAATGTTTAAATTTT	200708		
QY 1148	TTAATAAGATTTCTTGGCCATCTTTGT	1178		
Db 200709	AGTTCTTGGGGGTACAAATTTGCCCATTTTGT	200739		

RESULT	12
AC116365/c	
LOCUS	223228 bp DNA
DEFINITION	Homo sapiens chromosome 5 clone RP11-797011, WORKING DRAFT
SEQUENCE	13 unordered pieces.
AC116365	
ACCESSION	AC116365
VERSION	AC116365.1 GI:19745047
KEYWORDS	HTG; HTGS_PHASE1; HTGS_DRAFT; HMGCS_ACTIVEPIN.
SOURCE	Homo sapiens.
ORGANISM	Homo sapiens.
	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 223228)	DOE Joint Genome Institute.
AUTHORS	Sequencing of Human Chromosome 5	
JOURNAL	Unpublished	
REFERENCE	2 (bases 1 to 223228)	DOE Joint Genome Institute.
AUTHORS	Direct Submission	
JOURNAL	Submitted (27-MAR-2002)	Production Sequencing Facility, DOE Joint Genome Institute, 2800 Mitchell Drive, Walnut Creek, CA 94598, USA
COMMENT	-----Genome Center	

Center: Joint Genome Institute
Center Code: JGI
Web site: <http://www.jgi.doe.gov>

Project Information
Center Project Name: 1600899
Center clone name: RPct-11_797011

Summary Statistics

Consensus quality: 209063 bases at least Q40

Consensus quality: 214412 bases at least Q30

Consensus quality: 217045 bases at least Q20

Estimated insert size: 175000; agarose-fp estimation

Estimated insert size: 224028; sum-of-ctrls estimation

Quality coverage: 6.11 in Q20 bases; agarose-fp estimation

Quality coverage: 4.81 in Q20 bases; sum-of-ctrls estimation

* NOTE: This is a 'working draft' sequence. It currently

* consists of 13 contigs. The true order of the pieces

* is not known and their order in this sequence record is

* arbitrary. Gaps between the contigs are represented as

* runs of N, but the exact sizes of the gaps are unknown.

* This record will be updated with the finished sequence

* as soon as it is available and the accession number will

* be preserved.

*	1	3678:	contlg of 3678 bp in length
*	3679	3778:	gap of unknown length
*	3779	9781:	contlg of 6003 bp in length
*	9782	9881:	gap of unknown length
*	9882	16585:	contlg of 6704 bp in length
*	16586	16685:	gap of unknown length
*	16686	23899:	contlg of 7213 bp in length
*	23899	33999:	gap of unknown length
*	33999	34628:	contlg of 10630 bp in length
*	34629	34728:	gap of unknown length
*	34729	47189:	contlg of 12461 bp in length
*	47190	47289:	gap of unknown length
*	47290	60312:	contlg of 13023 bp in length
*	60313	60412:	gap of unknown length
*	60413	73825:	contlg of 13413 bp in length
*	73826	73925:	gap of unknown length
*	73926	87955:	contlg of 14030 bp in length
*	87956	88055:	gap of unknown length
*	88056	102751:	contlg of 16696 bp in length
*	102752	102851:	gap of unknown length
*	102852	125755:	contlg of 22904 bp in length
*	125756	125855:	gap of unknown length
*	125856	163416:	contlg of 37561 bp in length
*	163417	163516:	gap of unknown length
*	163517	223228:	contlg of 59712 bp in length

FEATURES

Location/Qualifiers
1. .223228

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/organism="Homo sapiens"  
/db_xref="taxon:9606"  
/chromosome="5"
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BASE COUNT						
ORIGIN						
70216 a	42507 c	42023 g	67274 t	1208 others		

Query Match	4.28;	Score 51;	DB 2;	length 223228;
Best Local Similarity	52.68;			
Matches 111; Conservative	0;	Pred. No. 0.66;		
		Mismatches 100;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0.


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9519. .9580
repeat_region /note="2 copies 31 mer 95% conserved"
9550. .9593
repeat_region /note="11 copies 4 mer gata 97% conserved"
9597. .9832
repeat_region /note="7SK repeat: matches 1. .193 of consensus"
9841. .9876
repeat_region /note="9 copies 4 mer gata 94% conserved"
9845. .9906
repeat_region /note="2 copies 31 mer 98% conserved"
9908. .10019
repeat_region /note="L1M3 repeat: matches 7631. .7739 of consensus"
12316. .12615
repeat_region /note="AluJo repeat: matches 1. .291 of consensus"
12631. .12670
repeat_region /note="20 copies 2 mer ac 100% conserved"
12821. .12860
repeat_region /note="20 copies 2 mer gt 100% conserved"
13109. .13501
misc_feature /note="match: GSS: Em:AQ819000"
14148. .14534
repeat_region /note="MER67C repeat: matches 6. .403 of consensus"
14557. .14671
repeat_region /note="MER67D repeat: matches 433. .508 of consensus"
15114. .15626
repeat_region /note="MER82 repeat: matches 1. .516 of consensus"
15627. .15914
repeat_region /note="AluJ repeat: matches 1. .288 of consensus"
15915. .16053
repeat_region /note="MER82 repeat: matches 515. .653 of consensus"
16303. .16367
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17073. .17152
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17153. .17494
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18088. .18139
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18163. .18332
repeat_region /note="L1F1G repeat: matches 115. .285 of consensus"
18383. .18732
repeat_region /note="L1F1A1 repeat: matches 2. .364 of consensus"
19124. .19256
repeat_region /note="L1F16C repeat: matches 254. .387 of consensus"
19337. .19593
repeat_region /note="match: SMS: Em:AL031203 Em:HS90188T"
19640. .20041
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complement(20472. .20866)
/misc_feature /note="match: GSS: Em:AQ088743"
20944. .21448
repeat_region /note="match: GSS: Em:AQ476653"
21365. .21449
repeat_region /note="L1F11 repeat: matches 58. .144 of consensus"
21504. .21563
repeat_region /note="L1F1H repeat: matches 14. .286 of consensus"
21727. .22163
repeat_region /note="match: GSS: Em:AQ451319"
22003. .22175
repeat_region /note="L1F11 repeat: matches 232. .410 of consensus"
22385. .22547
repeat_region /note="FAM repeat: matches 1. .166 of consensus"
23254. .23425
repeat_region /note="L1M3 repeat: matches 5521. .5694 of consensus"
23426. .23709
repeat_region /note="AluJo repeat: matches 5. .290 of consensus"
23710. .24130

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/note="L1M3 repeat: matches 5694. .6104 of consensus"

Query Match 4.1% Score 49.8; DB 9; Length 74539;
Best Local Similarity 50.2%; Pred. No. 1.4; Mismatches 122; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 123; Conservative 0;

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QY 934 TGAGACCTTTAAAGTCGAGAGCTCTGAGAAACCTTTGTAAGGTCATCAAT 993
DB 46547 TGTTCACCTTTAAATTTGAGAAATCTTAGCATATATGCTTTAAATTTCTTTAT 46488
QY 994 ACTTTTTCAGACTTCTACTATATGATATTAATCAATATGATATGCTTTAGTAG 1053
DB 46487 TCTTTCTCTTTATTTCTCTCTCTGATATCCCATTAACATTTGTTAAATTTTGTAG 46428
QY 1054 TTGAGTACGCTTTGAGGAAATTTCTAGTCCGTTAATCTTGTACGAGTGCTACTTT 1113
DB 46427 TTGCTTCACGAGTTCTTGATATTCATCTCTTTTGTATTTTCTTTGCTTTT 46368
QY 1114 CAAAAAGTCAGTTTTCAGTCTTAAACACATTAATTAAGATTTCTTGCACATCT 1173
DB 46367 CAGTTTTCAGTGTATATTTGACATATCAATCAAGCTTGAATTTCTTCTCAGCATAT 46308
QY 1174 TTGT 1178
DB 46307 CCAGT 46303

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RESULT 14
AC008375 127811 bp DNA linear HTG 06-MAY-2000
AC008375
LOCUS Homo sapiens chromosome 19 clone CTC-203B18, WORKING DRAFT
DEFINITION Homo sapiens chromosome 19 clone CTC-203B18, WORKING DRAFT
ACCESSION AC008375
VERSION AC008375.6 GI:7711254
KEYWORDS HTG; HTGS; PHASE2; HTGS_DRAFT.
SOURCE Homo sapiens
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 127811)
AUTHORS DOE Joint Genome Institute.
TITLE Sequencing of Human Chromosome 19
JOURNAL Unpublished
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 127811)
AUTHORS DOE Joint Genome Institute.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (03-AUG-1999) Production Sequencing Facility, DOE Joint
Genome Institute, 2800 Mitchell Drive, Walnut Creek, CA 94598, USA
On May 6, 2000 this sequence version replaced gi:7689753.
-----Genome Center
Center: Joint Genome Institute
Center Code: JGI
Web site: http://www.jgi.doe.gov

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Project Information
Center Project Name: 263173, BC228196
Center clone name: CIT-HSPC_203B18

Summary Statistics
Consensus quality: 108189 bases at least Q40
Consensus quality: 121159 bases at least Q30
Consensus quality: 123401 bases at least Q20
Estimated insert size: 101730; agarose-ef estimation
Estimated insert size: 125211; sum-of-ctnigs estimation
Quality coverage: 6.7 in Q20 bases; agarose-ef estimation
Quality coverage: 5.38 in Q20 bases; sum-of-ctnigs estimation
NOTE: This is a 'working draft' sequence. It currently
consists of 27 contigs. Gaps between the contigs
are represented as runs of N. The order of the pieces
is believed to be correct as given, however the sizes
of the gaps between them are based on estimates that have
been provided by the submitter.
This sequence will be replaced

*	1	4137:	contig of 4137 bp in length
*	4138	4237:	gap of unknown length
*	4238	6184:	contig of 1947 bp in length
*	6185	6288:	gap of unknown length
*	7190	7199:	contig of 906 bp in length
*	7191	7299:	gap of unknown length
*	7291	11893:	contig of 4603 bp in length
*	11894	11993:	gap of unknown length
*	11994	17297:	contig of 5304 bp in length
*	17298	17397:	gap of unknown length
*	17398	20788:	contig of 3391 bp in length
*	20789	20888:	gap of unknown length
*	20889	27303:	contig of 6415 bp in length
*	27304	27403:	gap of unknown length
*	27404	34878:	contig of 7475 bp in length
*	34879	34978:	gap of unknown length
*	34979	45862:	contig of 10884 bp in length
*	45863	45963:	gap of unknown length
*	45963	47282:	contig of 1320 bp in length
*	47283	47382:	gap of unknown length
*	47383	58065:	contig of 10681 bp in length
*	58064	58163:	gap of unknown length
*	58164	70353:	contig of 12190 bp in length
*	70354	70453:	gap of unknown length
*	70454	77902:	contig of 7449 bp in length
*	77903	78002:	gap of unknown length
*	78003	80724:	contig of 2122 bp in length
*	80725	80824:	gap of unknown length
*	80825	84590:	contig of 3766 bp in length
*	84591	84691:	gap of unknown length
*	84691	87850:	contig of 3160 bp in length
*	87851	87950:	gap of unknown length
*	87951	93467:	contig of 5517 bp in length
*	93468	93567:	gap of unknown length
*	93568	99633:	contig of 6056 bp in length
*	99634	99753:	gap of unknown length
*	99724	102365:	contig of 2542 bp in length
*	102366	102365:	gap of unknown length
*	102366	106161:	contig of 3796 bp in length
*	106162	106261:	gap of unknown length
*	106262	113201:	contig of 6549 bp in length
*	113211	113310:	gap of unknown length
*	113311	115651:	contig of 2241 bp in length
*	115652	115751:	gap of unknown length
*	115752	117985:	contig of 2234 bp in length
*	117986	118085:	gap of unknown length
*	118086	122200:	contig of 4015 bp in length
*	122201	122200:	gap of unknown length
*	122201	124814:	contig of 2614 bp in length
*	124815	124914:	gap of unknown length
*	124915	127330:	contig of 2406 bp in length
*	127331	127420:	gap of unknown length
*	127421	127811:	contig of 391 bp in length.

/c1one="CTC-203B18"

Query Match

Query Match	4.1%	Score 49.8	DB 2	Length 127811
Best Local Similarity	54.7%	Pred. No. 1.3		
Matches 99; Conservative	0	Mismatches	82	Indels 0
				Gaps 0

Dy 8 TTTATGATTTTACTATAGCATTTAGAACTATTAGAAGTGTTGGCTTCACCTTGCTTACT-67
||| |||| | |||| | |||| | |||| | |||| |
Db 98161 TTATTATTTGTATGATGATTTACATTAATTATCAGATGTTAAATTAATTATTCATTCT 98220

OY 68 GTGTGCTAAAGCAACTTCATCATCATACAGAGTATGGTTTGTAATGCCTTCCATTATC 127
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
Db 98221 GCTGGGGTAAATCCATACCTTGGTTAAGCGCATATACTTTTTATATGTTTGATTAGG 98280

OY 128 ACTGAGCCTTAGATATGTTTACGACCTATATAATATACAGTATGTAATTCAGATTG 187
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
Db 98281 TTGTGTTAGCATTTGAGGATTTTACCCTCTCTATTATATAGAGAGTGGCGCTACATGTTT 98340

OY 188 T 188
|
Db 98341 T 98341

RESULT 15

FACTS

DEFINITION

ACCESSION

KEYWORDS

ORGANIC

REFERENCE

TITLE

COPIES
REFERENCE

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

JOURNAL

COMMENT:

[illegible]

Search completed: May 24, 2003, 07:52:07
Job time : 4225 secs

RESULT 2
US-08-947-823-1

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: Sequence 1, Application US/08947823
: Patent No. 6114605
: GENERAL INFORMATION:

```

APPLICANT: Williamson, Valerie M.
 APPLICANT: Kaloshian, Jisounhi
 APPLICANT: Yeghmoobi, Jafar
 APPLICANT: Bodeau, Johan
 APPLICANT: Milligan, Stephen
 TITLE OF INVENTION: Procedures and Materials for Confering
 TITLE OF INVENTION: best Resistance in Plants
 NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 5

ADDRESS: Townsend and Townsend and Crew LLP
STREET: Two Embarcadero Center, Eighth Floor
CITY: San Francisco
STATE: California
COUNTRY:

COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 94111-3834

```

; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: FLOPPY

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COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS

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SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.300
SOFTWARE: ADDITIONAL DATA:

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; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 ; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/947,823

CLASSIFICATION: 800
FILING DATE: 09-OCT-
;

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER. BCT/MS97/18802

FILING DATE: 09-OCT-1997

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/028,191

; FILING DATE: 10-OCT-1996
 ; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: Bastian, Kevin L.

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 34,774
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 023070-070210US
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: (415) 576-0200
TELEFAX: (415) 576-0300
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 51952 base pairs

TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single

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; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

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US-08-947-823-1

Query Match	3.48;	Score 41.6;	DB 3;	Length 51952;
Best Local Similarity	47.18;	Pred. No. 0.63;		
Matches 160;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches 179;	Indels 1;
				Gaps 1

QY	686	AGGATCAGAGAAATTCATGAAAGGATTCACAAATATATATACACATATAC	745
Db	33273	AGCAATTCATATTTTAAATAATATTTTCATATATTTAAATAATATACATATGATTAATTCG	33332

D0 746 TA-TGAATCCACTAATACAGATGCTGCACCTGTGCCCCCACTATGTGAAAGCCTATTTC 804
DB 33333 TATTGTATCTGAATAAATTTGATTTCTGATTTGATTTAGTGTGGTGAGTTAAAA 3339

805 TCAATTTTATTTTCACACTAAATACAGACCGCACACTCCCGTGTGTGTGCT 864

[illegible]

Db 33453 CGAAGACATATGAAATGATCAAAAATTACCAACAAGAACTACAAACATTA 33512

QY 925 TCAAAAAGTTGAAGGACTTTACGTCGAGATCTCGTAGAAAACCTCTTTGTAAAGTT 984

Db 33513 TACTTAGTTGAAGCAATAGAGATTTTAAAGCCTTGAATCGATCTTTACGTGCTTGAATC 33577

Db 33573 TATGATTACTATTTATCAGATCAAGCTTATGTATAA 33612

RESULT 3
US-08-714-918-48
; Sequence 48, Application US/08714918

; Patent No. 6037123
; GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Benton, Bret
APPLICANT: 100 ying

APPLICANT: Malouin, Francois

APPLICANT: Martin, Patrick
APPLICANT: Schmid, Molly B

APPLICANT: Sun, Dongxu
TITLE OF INVENTION: STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS ANTIBACTERIAL

TITLE OF INVENTION: TAIL
NUMBER OF SENTENCES: 11

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 111
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: Lyon & Lyon
STREET: 633 West Fifth Street

STREET: Suite 4700
CITY: Los Angeles

STATE: California
COUNTRY: U.S.A.

ZIP: 90071-2066

```

; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb

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; MEDIUM TYPE: storage
; COMPUTER: IBM Compatible

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OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM P.C. DOS 5.0
SOFTWARE: Word Perfect 5.1

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; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; ADDITION NUMBER: 75/08/211 010

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Page 3

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/714,918
 FILING DATE: September 13, 1996
 APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/009,102
 FILING DATE: December 22, 1995
 APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/003,798
 FILING DATE: September 15, 1995
 ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 NAME: Wardburg, Richard J.
 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,327
 REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 240/247
 TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 TELEPHONE: (213) 489-1600
 TELEFAX: (213) 955-0440
 TELEX: 67-3510
 INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 48:
 SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 LENGTH: 5718 base pairs
 TYPE: nucleic acid
 STRANDEDNESS: single
 TOPOLOGY: linear
 JS-09-265-315-48

[illegible]

RESULT 5
 US-09-265-315-48
 ; Sequence 48, Application US/09265315
 ; Patent No. 6187541
 ;
 ; GENERAL INFORMATION:
 ;
 APPLICANT: Benton, Bret
 APPLICANT: Lee, Vling J.
 APPLICANT: Malouin, Francois
 APPLICANT: Martin, Patrick K.
 APPLICANT: Schmid, Molly B.
 APPLICANT: Sun, Dongxu
 TITLE OF INVENTION: METHODS OF SCREENING FOR COMPOUNDS
 TITLE OF INVENTION: ACTIVE ON STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS
 TITLE OF INVENTION: TARGET GENES
 NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 111
 ;
 ; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESSES:
 ;
 ADDRESSEE: Lyon & Lyon
 STREET: 633 West Fifth Street
 STREET: Suite 4700
 CITY: Los Angeles
 STATE: California
 COUNTRY: U.S.A.
 ZIP: 90071-2066
 ;
 ; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 ;
 MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
 MEDIUM TYPE: storage
 COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
 OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM P.C. DOS 5.0
 SOFTWARE: Word Perfect 5.1
 CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/265,315
 FILING DATE: March 9, 1999
 CLASSIFICATION: 435

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? APPLICATION DATA:
?   APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/714,918
?   FILING DATE: September 13, 1996
?   APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/009,102
?   FILING DATE: December 22, 1995
?   APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/003,798
?   FILING DATE: September 15, 1995
?   ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
?     NAME: Warburg, Richard J.
?     REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,337
?     REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 240/248
?     TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
?       TELEPHONE: (213) 489-1600
?       TELEFAX: (213) 955-0440
?       TELEX: 67-3510
?   INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 48:
?     SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
?       LENGTH: 5718 base pairs
?       TYPE: nucleic acid
?       STRANDEDNESS: single
?       TOPOLOGY: linear
?   US-09-266-417-48

Query Match          3.48; Score 40.8; DB 4; Length 5718;
Best Local Similarity 53.0%; Pred. No. 0.48;
Matches 87; Conservative 0; Mismatches 77; Indels 0; Gaps 0

OY    381 TAAATGATCTACGATGGATGTATAAGTCATGAATATTGTTACTTGCAGTCAG 440
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DB    1532 TAGTGCAATCAGCCAAATCTCTTAAVCTCATACATCTGTTGGCGCTTAATAATCAA 1591
      ||| || | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

OY    441 ATCATGAGTTAATGACTCATTTGTTTTTTTAAGCCCTGTTGAGATGATCCATCACAGA 500
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DB    1592 ATAAAAAACCATCTTGTTCATAGTTTAATGCCATCCAAAGCATGATCAATAGCTTGA 1651
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OY    501 ACAACATACAGCTGATGTCACCAATTCATCATATGACCTTCT 544
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DB    1652 ACACGTTGACGTGTTTACCAAAAGCATCAAGCGTCCACT 1695
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RESULT 7
US-09-063-733A-42/C
: Sequence 42, Application US/09063733A
: Patent No. 6372211
: GENERAL INFORMATION:
:   APPLICANT: Isaac, Barbara G.
:   APPLICANT: Greenplate, John T.
:   APPLICANT: Purcell, John P.
:   APPLICANT: Romano, Charles P.
:   TITLE OF INVENTION: METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR CONTROLLING
:     NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 58
:   CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
:     ADDRESSEE: Arnold White & Durkee
:     STREET: PO Box 4433
:     CITY: Houston
:     STATE: TX
:     COUNTRY: USA
:     ZIP: 77210-4433
: COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
:   MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
:   COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
:   OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
:   SOFTWARE: Patent Release #1.0, Version #1.30
: CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
:   APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/063,733A
:   FILING DATE: 21-Apr-1998
: CLASSIFICATION: 435
: ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
:   NAME: Patterson, Melinda L.
:   REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,062
: REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: MOBT:022
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

```


CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/766,439
FILING DATE:
CLASSIFICATION: 435
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/745,228
FILING DATE: NOVEMBER 8, 1996
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: FLOYD, LINDA AXAMETHY
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,692
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: MD-1065-A
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: 302-773-0164
TELEFAX: 302-892-8112
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 39:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 1328 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
ORIGINAL SOURCE:
STRAIN: L IVANOVIT 3340 D.F.
US-08-766-439-39

Query Match 3.1%; Score 38.2; DB 2; Length 1328;
Best Local Similarity 54.8%; Pred. No. 1.3;
Matches 121; Conservative 0; Mismatches 93; Indels 7; Gaps 2;

QY 899 CAAACATGAAACCTTACGAAATCAAAAAGTTGAGGACTTAA---CGTCGAGAT 955
DB 14 CATAGTATATACATTTGGCAACAAACGTTAGTACTTCATGTCGAT 73
QY 956 CTCGTCGAGAAACCTTTTGTAGGTGCATACATCTTTTTCAGACTTACTT 1015
DB 74 CTATTCGAGAAACATGCAATTAATTTCAAAAAACCTCCCTTCAAGATAGATT 133
QY 1016 ATGCTATATACGATATATAT---TGCCTATATAGTATGATGAGCTTGAGGG 1071
DB 134 TTCTTCGCTTATTAATTCACATGATATGTCATGATTTTGGTGACACTTCGGC 193
QY 1072 AATTTCAGCCGTTAATCTTGACGAGTGTCTACTTT 1112
DB 194 CATGCTCGCTAATACTTTTGTGGCATGTATACCTT 234

RESULT 13
US-08-766-439-40/C
Sequence 40, Application US/08766439

GENERAL INFORMATION:
PATENT NO. 5922538
APPLICANT: HAZEL, JAMES WILLIAM
APPLICANT: JENSEN, MARK ANTON
TITLE OF INVENTION: GENETIC MARKERS AND METHODS FOR
TITLE OF INVENTION: THE DETECTION OF LISTERIA
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 110
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: E. I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY
STREET: 1007 MARKET STREET
CITY: WILMINGTON
STATE: DELAWARE
COUNTRY: U.S.A.
ZIP: 19898
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: 3.50 INCH DISKETTE
COMPUTER: IBM PC COMPATIBLE
OPERATING SYSTEM: MICROSOFT WINDOWS 3.1
SOFTWARE: MICROSOFT WORD 2.0C
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/766,439
FILING DATE:
CLASSIFICATION: 435

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/745,228
FILING DATE: NOVEMBER 8, 1996
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: FLOYD, LINDA AXAMETHY
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,692
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: MD-1065-A
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: 302-773-0164
TELEFAX: 302-892-8112
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 40:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 1328 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
ANTI-SENSE: YES
ORIGINAL SOURCE:
STRAIN: L IVANOVIT 3340 D.F.
US-08-766-439-40

Query Match 3.1%; Score 38.2; DB 2; Length 1328;
Best Local Similarity 54.8%; Pred. No. 1.3;
Matches 121; Conservative 0; Mismatches 93; Indels 7; Gaps 2;

QY 899 CAAACATGAAACCTTACGAAATCAAAAAGTTGAGGACTTAA---CGTCGAGAT 955
DB 1315 CATAGTATATACATTTGGCAACAAACGTTAGTACTTCATGTCGAT 1256
QY 956 CTCGTCGAGAAACCTTTTGTAGGTGCATACATCTTTTTCAGACTTACTT 1015
DB 1255 CTATTCGAGAAACATGCAATTAATTTCAAAAAACCTCCCTTCAAGATAGATT 1196
QY 1016 ATGCTATATACGATATATAT---TGCCTATATAGTATGATGAGCTTGAGGG 1071
DB 1195 TTCTTCGCTTATTAATTCACATGATATGTCATGATTTTGGTGACACTTCGGC 1136
QY 1072 AATTTCAGCCGTTAATCTTGACGAGTGTCTACTTT 1112
DB 1135 CATGCTCGCTAATACTTTTGTGGCATGTATACCTT 1095

RESULT 14
US-09-071-224-3/C
Sequence 3, Application US/09071224

GENERAL INFORMATION:
PATENT NO. 6271343
APPLICANT: LOK, SI
APPLICANT: PRESNELL, SCOTT R.
APPLICANT: JELMBERG, ANNA C.
APPLICANT: GILBERT, TERESA
APPLICANT: FOSTER, DONALD C.
APPLICANT: ADAMS, ROOYN L.
APPLICANT: LEHNER, JOYCE M.
TITLE OF INVENTION: MAMMALIAN ZCYTORS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 37
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: ZymoGenetics
STREET: 1201 Eastlake Ave East
CITY: Seattle
STATE: WA
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 98102
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette
COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS
SOFTWARE: FASTSEQ for Windows Version 2.0
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/071,224
FILING DATE:
CLASSIFICATION:

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER:
FILING DATE:
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Lunn, Paul G
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,743
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 96-22
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: 206-442-6627
TELEFAX: 206-442-6678
TELEX:
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 1813 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
FEATURE:
NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
LOCATION: 88..1362
OTHER INFORMATION:
US-09-071-224-3

Query Match 3.1%; Score 38.2; DB 4; Length 1813;
Best Local Similarity 50.3%; Pred. No. 1.5;
Matches 94; Conservative 0; Mismatches 93; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 541 TTTCTTCTTCATTTGGCTGTTTTCATGATGTCATTTGATTTTCAAGA 600
DB 1737 TTTTCTTCTTCATTTGGCTGTTTTCATGATGTCATTTGATTTTCAAGA 1678
OY 601 AGTCACCTCGACATATGATTTTCAAAATCCACTTTGTTCAAGCAGTACAGTCTT 660
DB 1677 AGCTCATTTTAAAGAGACCTTTTGAGGGGCCCTAGTAATGGGAGTAATGACATC 1618
OY 661 TTCATCTAGCCACACCGCTGGAGATCTAGAAATTTTCATGAAGATTCATAATTT 720
DB 1617 CCTCTTCACCCGCCCTGACAGGGTTCTAGGCACTACCAACCTTACACACAC 1558
OY 721 ACAACA 727
DB 1557 ACACACA 1551

RESULT 15
5231168-1/c
Patent No. 5231168
APPLICANT: DIEZIEL, MORTEN; BORRE, MARTIN; JEPSEN, SOREN;
VUUST, JENS; RIENECK, KLAUS; ANNETTE, JAKOBSEN, PALLE H.
TITLE OF INVENTION: MALARIA ANTIGEN
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 19
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/07/409,658
FILING DATE: 18-SEP-1989
SEQ ID NO: 1:
LENGTH: 3095
5231168-1

Query Match 3.1%; Score 38; DB 6; Length 3095;
Best Local Similarity 43.5%; Pred. No. 1.9;
Matches 173; Conservative 0; Mismatches 225; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 184 ATTGATATGCTCTTCTGATATTCCTGTTTATACAAAGTCGTAAATTTGCTGTTT 243
DB 2756 ATGATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATAAATA 2697
OY 244 GTGACAGTACGATGACCTGACCTTCTGAGGTATGATGTAAGTTCATGTAATTA 303
DB 2696 CTTAAAT 2637
OY 304 GCTTTGTTATCATGATGATTTGATGATGCTCTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 363

DB 2636 TTTATACATGATACCTTCAGATTAATAAATATACGTAATGTTCTATATTTATT 2577
OY 364 GAGGAGACACCTTTCTAAATGAATTCAGATGATTAAGTTCATGATATTTT 423
DB 2576 ATTAATATTTTGAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTTTTC 2517
OY 424 GTTACTTCGAGTACATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 483
DB 2516 TATTAAT 2457
OY 484 ATGATCATATCATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 543
DB 2456 AT 2397
OY 544 TTTCTTCATTTGCTGTTTTCATGATGAT 581
DB 2396 TAAATATTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTT 2359

Search completed: May 24, 2003, 08:06:54
Job time : 168 secs

Run on: May 24, 2003, 06:31:59 ; Search time 320 Seconds

8564.631 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-701-926B-1

Sequence: 1 ttggaattatgtattat.....gtcaacacacacacacaca 1217

Scoring table: IDENTITY_NUC

Searched: 2185239 seqs, 1125999159 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 4370478

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Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000
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Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Listing first 45 summaries

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23:	/SID2/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqn-emb1/NA2001B.DAT.*
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Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	1217	100.0	1217	21	AA229769	Tomato alpha-amyloid
2	1217	100.0	6263	21	AA229771	Ds insertion mutant
3	471.4	38.7	1114	21	AA229770	Potato alpha-amyloid
4	471.4	38.7	2094	17	AA730126	Alpha-amyloid 1 pr
5	53	4.4	8952	22	AA564645	Tumour suppressor
6	51	4.2	6531	22	ABL32641	Human immune syste
7	49.2	4.0	5647	24	ABL70355	Chemically treated
8	49.2	4.0	5647	24	ABL3556	Human immune syste
9	49.2	4.0	5647	24	AA561320	Human gene regulat

10	48.4	4.0	15674	24	ABL70514	Chemically treated
11	48.4	4.0	15674	24	ABL32363	Human immune system
12	48.4	4.0	15674	24	ABL34477	Human metastasis a
13	46.2	3.8	883	22	ABL15210	Human breast cancer
14	46.2	3.8	19236	24	ABN80226	Human chemically m
15	46	3.8	11805	24	ABL33748	Human immune syste
16	46	3.8	37515	24	ABO66997	Human anglogenesis
17	45.8	3.8	5209	24	ABL32186	Human immune syste
18	45.8	3.8	6222	24	ABL22693	Human immune syste
19	45.6	3.7	12986	22	AA546553	Human immune syste
20	45.4	3.7	8210	24	ABL70331	Tumour suppressor
21	45.4	3.7	8210	24	AA561282	Chemically treated
22	45.4	3.7	8210	24	ABK31380	Human gene regulat
23	45	3.7	596	23	AAV55654	Signal transductio
24	44.8	3.7	875	22	AA195044	Human prostate exp
25	44.8	3.7	5610	22	AA545461	Human neuroblastom
26	44.8	3.7	5610	24	ABL22280	Chemically pretrea
27	44.8	3.7	5610	24	ABL49353	Chemically treated
28	44.8	3.7	5610	24	AAAD2331	Human polynucleoti
29	44.8	3.7	5610	24	ABK28317	Chemically treated
30	44.8	3.7	73334	24	ABL232318	DNA transcription
31	44.8	3.7	73334	24	ABL24124	Chemically treated
32	44.6	3.7	12449	24	ABL33364	Human immune syste
33	44.6	3.7	18218	24	ABL33949	Human immune syste
34	44.4	3.6	5689	22	AA545384	Human immune syste
35	44.4	3.6	5689	22	AA546426	Chemically pretrea
36	44.4	3.6	5689	22	ABK28226	Tumour suppressor
37	44.4	3.6	8842	22	AA545367	DNA transcription
38	44.4	3.6	8842	24	ABK28204	Chemically pretrea
39	44.4	3.6	8943	24	ABK39967	DNA transcription
40	44.2	3.6	6048	24	ABO67002	Human chemically p
41	44.2	3.6	8897	24	ABL70228	Human anglogenesis
42	43.8	3.6	17703	24	ABK39953	Chemically treated
43	43.6	3.6	392	22	AA180366	Human chemically p
44	43.6	3.6	6073	22	ABL3036	Human polynucleoti
45	43.6	3.6	6095	22	ABL33543	Human immune syste
					AA546310	Tumour suppressor

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
AAZ29769
ID AAZ29769 standard; DNA; 1217 BP
XY

XX AC AAZ29/89;
XX DT 27-MAR-2000
XX
DE Tomato alpha
XX

lycopersicon esculentum.
tomato alpha-amylase promoter sequence; alpha-amylase:
phenotype modulating genetic sequence; PKMS: transposon tagging;
Ds element; dissociation element; UG406 sequence; starch metabolism
plant pathogen resistance; senescence timing; cell growth; ds.

```
Location/Qualifiers
605..612
/*tag= a
/note= "UQ406 Insertion with single Ds element"
```

PR	04-JUN-1998	98AU-0003301
PR	04-JUN-1998	98AU-0003303
PR	25-SEP-1998	98AU-0006165
PR	25-SEP-1998	98AU-0006174

XX 09-DEC-1999.
 PD 04-JUN-1999; 99MO-AU00434.
 XX
 PF 04-JUN-1998; 98AD-0003901.
 PR 04-JUN-1998; 98AD-0003903.
 PR 25-SEP-1998; 98AD-0006169.
 PR 25-SEP-1998; 98AD-0006174.
 XX
 PA (UYOU) UNIV QUEENSLAND.
 PL Carrot1 BJ;
 PI WPI: 2000-116368/10.
 DR
 XX
 PT New polynucleotides that increase gene expression in plants used to
 XX produce transgenic plants with resistance to plant pathogens -
 XX
 PS Claim 20; Fig 5; 93pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present sequence is the nucleotide sequence of genomic DNA upstream
 CC of Dem gene followed by Dem cDNA coding sequence in tomato line Uq406.
 CC The manipulation of amylase levels is done by introducing isolated
 CC phenotype-modulating genetic sequence which increases or stabilises
 CC expression of a second nucleotide sequence inserted proximally. The ds
 CC sequence inserts into the promoter region. This is used in transposon
 CC tagging of alpha-amylase gene to identify mutants exhibiting altered
 CC physiological properties. Transgenic plants having altered phenotypic
 CC traits, such as resistance to plant pathogens, senescence timing, starch
 CC metabolism, cell growth, expansion and/or division, and the shape of
 CC cells, tissues or organs can be produced.
 CC
 SQ Sequence 6263 BP; 1846 A; 1099 C; 1296 G; 2004 T; 18 other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 1217; DB 21; Length 6263;
 Best Local Similarly 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e-271;

Matches 1217; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TTGAATTTATGATTTATCTATAGCATTAAGAACTTAAGAGCTTGTACCTTCACCTG 60
 DB 40 TTGAATTTATGATTTATCTATAGCATTAAGAACTTAAGAGCTTGTACCTTCACCTG 99
 QY 61 GCTTACGTTGCTGCTCAACCACTTCATCATCATACAGATGCTTTGATGCTCTTC 120
 DB 100 GCTTACGTTGCTGCTCAACCACTTCATCATCATACAGATGCTTTGATGCTCTTC 159
 QY 121 CATTAACAGTACGCTTATGATTTATGAGCTTATTAATTCAGTATGCTGATTC 180
 DB 160 CATTAACAGTACGCTTATGATTTATGAGCTTATTAATTCAGTATGCTGATTC 219
 QY 181 AGTATGCTGATTTATGCTTCTGCTGATTTATGCTTCTGCTGATTTATGCTGCTG 240
 DB 220 AGTATGCTGATTTATGCTTCTGCTGATTTATGCTTCTGCTGATTTATGCTGCTG 279
 QY 241 TTGTGACAGTACGATAGATGACGACCTTCGAGCTTATGCTTATGCTTATGCTG 300
 DB 280 TTGTGACAGTACGATAGATGACGACCTTCGAGCTTATGCTTATGCTTATGCTG 339
 QY 301 TTGTGCTTTTATCATAGTATGATTTATGAGCTTCTGAGCTTATGATGATGATG 360
 DB 340 TTGTGCTTTTATCATAGTATGATTTATGAGCTTCTGAGCTTATGATGATGATG 399
 QY 361 TTGGAGGAGAGAGCTTTCTAATGATCAAGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 420
 DB 400 TTGGAGGAGAGAGCTTTCTAATGATCAAGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 459
 QY 421 TTGTGCTTTTATCATAGTATGATTTATGAGCTTCTGAGCTTATGATGATGATG 480
 DB 460 TTGTGCTTTTATCATAGTATGATTTATGAGCTTCTGAGCTTATGATGATGATG 519
 QY 481 CAGATGATCATCATCATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 540

DB 520 CAGATGATCATCATCATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 579
 QY 541 TTCTTTCTTCATATTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTG 600
 DB 580 TTCTTTCTTCATATTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTG 639
 QY 601 AGTCACTTGAGCATATATATTTTCAAAATCCACTTGTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTG 660
 DB 640 AGTCACTTGAGCATATATATTTTCAAAATCCACTTGTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTG 699
 QY 661 TTCACTGAGCCCAACACCGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTG 720
 DB 700 TTCACTGAGCCCAACACCGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTG 759
 QY 721 ACAACAT 780
 DB 760 ACAACAT 819
 QY 781 CCCCACTCATGTAAGAGCTTATTTCTCAATTTTATTTTCCCACTTAAATGACCG 840
 DB 820 CCCCACTCATGTAAGAGCTTATTTCTCAATTTTATTTTCCCACTTAAATGACCG 879
 QY 841 CACAACCTCCGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTG 900
 DB 880 CACAACCTCCGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTG 939
 QY 901 AAACAT 960
 DB 940 AAACAT 999
 QY 961 GTAGAAACCTTTTGTAAAGCTTCAATATATATATATATATATATATATATATAT 1020
 DB 1000 GTAGAAACCTTTTGTAAAGCTTCAATATATATATATATATATATATATATATAT 1059
 QY 1021 ATTTACTGAAAT 1080
 DB 1060 ATTTACTGAAAT 1119
 QY 1081 TCCGTTATATCTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 1140
 DB 1120 TCCGTTATATCTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 1179
 QY 1141 AACCATTTAAATATAGATTTCTTGCCCATCTTTGCTCATCTAGCTTGAAGTC 1200
 DB 1180 AACCATTTAAATATAGATTTCTTGCCCATCTTTGCTCATCTAGCTTGAAGTC 1239
 QY 1201 AACCAACACACACACA 1217
 DB 1240 AACCAACACACACACACA 1256

RESULT 3
 AA229770
 ID AA229770 standard; DNA; 1114 BP.
 AC AA229770;
 XX
 DE 27-MAR-2000 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Potato alpha-amylase gene promoter.
 XX
 KW Potato alpha-amylase promoter sequence; alpha-amylase;
 KW phenotype modulating genetic sequence; PKGS; transposon tagging;
 KW ds element; dissociation element; Uq406 sequence; starch metabolism;
 KW plant pathogen resistance; senescence timing; cell growth; ds.
 XX
 OS Solanum tuberosum.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Transposon 647..654
 FT
 XX /note="Uq406 insertion with single ds element"

PT Interest in sprout or stem tissue of a dicotyledonous plant
 PS Claim 1; Page 33-36; 48pp; English.

XX This sequence represents the Solanum tuberosum alpha-amylase 1 promoter.
 CC Alpha-amylase is one of the key plant enzymes, and participates in the
 CC pathway responsible for the breakdown of starch to reducing sugars in
 CC potato tubers. Alpha-amylase is encoded by a gene family consisting of
 CC at least five individual genes divided into two sub families (the type 1
 CC and type 3 alpha amylases). Type 1 alpha-amylases are expressed in
 CC sprout and stem tissues, but not in tubers, roots or leaves. The type 3
 CC alpha amylases are expressed in tubers, sprouts and stem tissues. The
 CC promoter is used to direct expression of a gene of interest in stem
 CC cells, tissues or organs of a dicotyledonous plant (such as a potato).
 CC This sequence can be used in constructs, such as vectors (such as those
 CC derived from agrobacterium), for transforming cells to express a gene of
 CC interest. The gene of interest that is fused to this promoter sequence
 CC may be a crop protein gene with an optimised amino acid composition, so
 CC as to increase the nutritive value of the crop. It is also possible to
 CC use this promoter to express non-plant genes for mammalian products, such
 CC as interferons, insulin, blood factors, and plasminogen activators.

XX Sequence 2094 BP; 618 A; 357 C; 369 G; 750 T; 0 other:

Query Match 38.7%; Score 471.4; DB 17; Length 2094;

Best Local Similarity 77.5%; Pred. No. 2.5e-99;
 Matches 680; Conservative 0; Mismatches 171; Indels 26; Gaps 8;

OY 1 TTGGAATTTATGATTTATCTATAGCAATTAAGAACTATAGAGTTGTTACCTTCATTCG 60
 DB 981 TTGGAATTTATGATTTATCTATAGCAATTAAGAACTATAGAGTTGTTACCTTCATTCG 1040
 OY 61 GCTTACTTTGTCGCAAGCAACTTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTTC 120
 DB 1041 TCTATTTGTTGCTCAAGCAACT--TCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTTC 1097
 OY 121 CATTTACTGAGCTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTAT 180
 DB 1098 CATTTACTGAGCTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTAT 1156
 OY 181 AGTATTTGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATG 240
 DB 1157 AGTATTTGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATG 1216
 OY 241 TTGAGCAAGTACGATTAATGCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACT 300
 DB 1217 TTGAGCAAGTACGATTAATGCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACTCACT 1276
 OY 301 TTAGCTTTGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTAT 360
 DB 1277 TTAGCTTTGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTAT 1336
 OY 361 TTGAGGAGGAGC-----AGCTTTCTAAATGAATGATGATGATGATGATGATGAT 409
 DB 1337 TTGAGGAGGAGC-----AGCTTTCTAAATGAATGATGATGATGATGATGATGAT 1396
 OY 410 TCATGATATTTTGTACTTTCGAGTACATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 469
 DB 1397 TCATGATATTTTGTACTTTCGAGTACATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 1455
 OY 470 TTAGCTTTGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTAT 529
 DB 1456 TTAGCTTTGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTATGATTTAT 1511
 OY 530 TCATGATATTTTGTACTTTCGAGTACATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 589
 DB 1512 TCATGATATTTTGTACTTTCGAGTACATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 1571
 OY 590 ATTATTCAGAGTACCTTCGAGTACATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 649
 DB 1572 ATTATTCAGAGTACCTTCGAGTACATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATG 1627
 OY 650 TACACAGCTTTTTCATCTAGCCCAACCGTGTGAGAGATCTAGATTTTTCATGAAGG 709

DB 1628 CTTCGACCAATTAATGTAAGAAACATCCACATTTTTCATTAATCCAGAGAAATTTTCATCAACG 1687
 OY 710 ATTCAAAATTTACAAACATATATATACACTATACATATGAAATTCACATAATAGATG 769
 DB 1688 GGGTTCACAT-TTACATACATGATATACATCTGAAAGCTGAATCCATATATAGATG 1746
 OY 770 TGCACCTGTGCCCCCACTCATGTAAGAGCTATTCATATTTTATTTTCC-ACAACCT 828
 DB 1747 TGCATCTGTGCCCCCACTCATGTAAGAGCTATTCATATTTTATTTTTCACAACCT 1806
 OY 829 AAATACAGCCGACCAACTCCCGTCTGTGTGCTC 865
 DB 1807 GAATTCAGACCAACCACTCCCGTGTGTGAGGCTC 1843

RESULT 5

AA546446 standard; DNA; 8952 BP.

AA546446;

18-DEC-2001 (first entry)

DE Tumour suppressor gene derived chemically modified sequence #168.

KW Human; tumour suppressor gene; oncogene; antitumour; cytostatic;
 KW cancer; tumour; CpG dinucleotide; single-nucleotide polymorphism; SNP;
 KW cytosine methylation; ds.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200168912-A2.

PD 20-SEP-2001.

PF 15-MAR-2001; 2001WO-EP02955.

PR 15-MAR-2000; 2000DE-1013847.

PR 06-APR-2000; 2000DE-1019058.

PR 07-APR-2000; 2000DE-1019173.

PR 30-JUN-2000; 2000DE-1032529.

PR 01-SEP-2000; 2000DE-1043826.

PA (EPIC-) EPIGENOMICS AG.

PI Olek A, Piepenbrock C, Berlin K;

PI WPI; 2001-602752/68.

PT Fragments of chemically modified genes associated with tumour suppressor
 PT genes and oncogenes, useful in designing primers and probes for
 PT analysing diseases associated with cytosine methylation state e.g.
 PT cancer

PS Claim 1; SEQ ID NO 168; 27pp; English.

XX The invention relates to a nucleic acid comprising a sequence of 18
 CC bases, of a segment of chemically pretreated DNA (CP DNA) e.g. with
 CC bisulphite, of genes associated with tumour suppression and
 CC oncogenes having a sequence taken from 536 (actually 533 since
 CC numbers 408, 458 and 500 are missing from the sequence listing) sequences
 CC (SS) and sequences complementary to (SS). The nucleic acid may be a
 CC peptide nucleic acid-oligonucleotide (PNA) of at least 9 nucleotides and may
 CC form part of a set of probes for detecting the cytosine methylation state
 CC and/or single nucleotide polymorphisms and also to be used in an
 CC array for analysing diseases associated with CpG dinucleotides e.g.
 CC cancers and tumours. The probes can also be used in a method for
 CC ascertaining genetic and/or epigenetic parameters for the diagnosis
 CC and/or therapy of existing diseases or the predisposition to specific
 CC diseases. By analysing cytosine methylations. The parameters may be
 CC compared to another set of genetic and/or epigenetic parameters, the
 CC differences serving as basis for diagnosis and/or prognosis events which

XX MO200202807-A2.
 XX 10-JAN-2002.
 XX 29-JUN-2001; 2001WO-EP07471.
 XX 30-JUN-2000; 2000DE-1032529.
 XX 01-SEP-2000; 2000DE-1043826.
 XX (EPIC-) EPIGENOMICS AG.
 XX Olek A, Piepenbrock C, Berlin K;
 XX WPI: 2002-154758/20.
 XX Nucleic acid, useful for diagnosis and therapy of diseases associated
 XX with cell signalling e.g. cancer, comprises chemically modified genomic
 XX sequences of genes associated with cell signalling
 XX Claim 1; SEQ ID NO 245; 24pp+sequence listing; English.
 XX The invention relates to a nucleic acid comprising a sequence of at least
 XX 18 bases of a segment of chemically pretreated DNA of genes associated
 XX with cell signalling. The activity of the modified sequences of the
 XX invention may be described as cytostatic. The object of the invention is
 XX to provide the chemically modified DNA of genes associated with cell
 XX signalling, as well as oligonucleotides and/or PNA-oligomers for
 XX detecting cytosine methylations, as well as a method which is
 XX particularly suitable for the diagnosis and/or therapy of genetic and
 XX epigenetic parameters of genes associated with cell signalling. The
 XX chemically modified DNA provided by the invention is useful for diagnosis
 XX and therapy of diseases such as solid tumours and cancer. The sequences
 XX given in records ABL/0111-ABL/0626 represent chemically pre-treated
 XX genomic DNA's of genes associated with cell signalling.
 XX Note: The sequence data for this patent is not represented in the printed
 XX specification, but is based on sequence information supplied by the
 XX European Patent Office.
 SO Sequence 5647 BP; 1448 A; 52 C; 945 G; 3202 T; 0 other;
 Query Match 4.0%; Score 49.2; DB 24; Length 5647;
 Best Local Similarity 44.0%; Pred. No. 0.12;
 Matches 207; Conservative 0; Mismatches 263; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 105 TTTTGAATAGCTCTTCATATACAGCTTATGATTAAGTTTACAGCTTATATA 164
 DB 2825 TTTTGAATAGCTCTTCATATACAGCTTATGATTAAGTTTACAGCTTATATA 2884
 OY 165 TCACGATGATGATTCAGATATGATTAAGCTTCGTTGATTAATTCCTTCATACAA 224
 DB 2885 TTTTGTATTTTATTTATTTTATTTTATAGATTAAGTTTATTTTAAAAATTTTGTCT 2944
 OY 225 GTCGTGATATTTGCTGTTTGACAGTACATAGATTCACACCTTCGAGATTAAG 284
 DB 2945 ATTTTATTTTCGATGATTAATTTATTTGATTTGTTTAAATTTTAAATTAAT 3004
 OY 265 TTGAAGTCATATTAATTTAGCTTTGTTATTCATAGTACATTTGATTTGATGCTCTCT 344
 DB 3005 TTTTGAATAGCTCTTCATATACAGCTTATGATTAAGTTTACAGCTTATATA 3064
 OY 345 AGCTAATGATTAAGCTTACAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAG 404
 DB 3065 AGAATTTATTTATTTGATTAATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTATTTAT 3124
 OY 405 AAGATTCATGATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTT 464
 DB 3125 TTAGATTTATTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTT 3184
 OY 465 TTTTAAAGCCGTTTCAGATGATTCATATCAGTACATACATACATACATACATACAT 524
 DB 3185 TTTTAAAGCCGTTTCAGATGATTCATATCAGTACATACATACATACATACATACAT 3244

OY 525 ATCCATCATATGACCTTTCTTCTTCATATTTGCTGTTTATTTTATTTTATTTT 574
 DB 3245 AAAAATTTATTTAGTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTAT 3294
 RESULT 8
 ID ABL33566 standard; DNA; 5647 BP.
 AC ABL33566;
 XX 26-MAR-2002 (first entry)
 DE Human immune system associated gene SEQ ID NO: 1539.
 XX Human immune system associated gene SEQ ID NO: 1539.
 KW Human; immune system disease; cytosine methylation; antiasthmatic;
 KW antiarteriosclerotic; anti-nausea; cytosine; noctropic;
 KW neuroprotective; anti-HIV; anticonvulsant; ophthalmological;
 KW antineumatic; antiarthritic; antidiabetic; antipsoriatic;
 KW antineumatic; cancer; eye disease; arteriosclerosis; anaemia;
 KW acute myeloid leukaemia; Alzheimer's disease; AIDS; epilepsy;
 KW neurofibromatosis; rheumatoid arthritis; psoriasis; bowel disease;
 KW gene; ds.
 XX Homo sapiens.
 OS WO200200928-A2.
 XX 03-JAN-2002.
 XX 02-JUL-2001; 2001WO-EP07537.
 XX 30-JUN-2000; 2000DE-1032529.
 XX 01-SEP-2000; 2000DE-1043826.
 XX (EPIC-) EPIGENOMICS AG.
 XX Olek A, Piepenbrock C, Berlin K;
 XX WPI: 2002-130909/17.
 XX Nucleic acid comprising fragment of chemically modified gene, useful
 XX for diagnosis and treatment of diseases associated with abnormal
 XX cytosine methylation
 XX Claim 1; SEQ ID NO 1539; 32pp + Sequence Listing; German.
 XX The present invention provides a number of human immune system associated
 XX genes which are modified by the methylation of cytosines. The sequences
 XX can be used in the diagnosis and treatment of immune system disorders,
 XX including eye diseases such as retinopathy, neovascular glaucoma and
 XX macular degeneration, arteriosclerosis, anaemia, cancer, acute myeloid
 XX leukaemia, Alzheimer's disease, AIDS, epilepsy, neurofibromatosis,
 XX rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis and inflammatory/ulcerative bowel
 XX diseases. The present sequence is a gene of the invention.
 SO Sequence 5647 BP; 1448 A; 52 C; 945 G; 3202 T; 0 other;
 Query Match 4.0%; Score 49.2; DB 24; Length 5647;
 Best Local Similarity 44.0%; Pred. No. 0.12;
 Matches 207; Conservative 0; Mismatches 263; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 105 TTTTGAATAGCTCTTCATATACAGCTTATGATTAAGTTTACAGCTTATATA 164
 DB 2825 TTTTGAATAGCTCTTCATATACAGCTTATGATTAAGTTTACAGCTTATATA 2884
 OY 165 TCACGATGATTCAGATATGATTAAGCTTCGTTGATTAATTCCTTCATACAA 224
 DB 2885 TTTTGTATTTTATTTATTTTATTTTATAGATTAAGTTTATTTTAAAAATTTTGTCT 2944
 OY 225 GTCGTGATATTTGCTGTTTGACAGTACATAGATTCACACCTTCGAGATTAAG 284
 DB 2945 ATTTTATTTTCGATGATTAATTTATTTGATTTGTTTAAATTTTAAATTAAT 3004

OY 285 TTGAAGTCATGTAATAGCTTTGTTATCATAGTATTGATTTAGTGTCTGT 344
 DB 3005 TTTCAGTAAGTAATTAATTAATTTTTCGTTTTTGAATTAATGATGATTT 3064
 OY 345 AGCTAATGATTAAGCTTGGAGGAGCAAGCTTCTAAATGAACTTACGATGAT 404
 DB 3065 AGAATTTATTAATGATTAATTAATTAATTTTACGATTTTATTAATTTGTTT 3124
 OY 405 AAAGTCATGATATTTTGTCTTCTGAGTCAGATCATGATGATTTAGTGTCT 464
 DB 3125 TTACGTTATTAATTAATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTT 3184
 OY 465 TTTTAAAGCTGTTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGAT 524
 DB 3185 TTTTAAATTTTATTAATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTT 3244
 OY 525 ATCCATCATATGACCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCT 574
 DB 3245 AAAAATTAATTAATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTAT 3294

RESULT 9

AAS61320
 ID AAS61320 standard; DNA: 5647 BP.

AC AAS61320;

DT 29-JAN-2002 (first entry)

DE Human gene regulation-associated gene oligonucleotide #275.

KW Human: Gene regulation-associated gene: severe combined immunodeficiency;
 KW cardiac damage; inflammatory response; Haemophilia; Werner syndrome;
 KW asthma; HDR syndrome; congenital heart defect; Saethre-Chotzen syndrome;
 KW renal disease; precocious puberty; cardiac allograft vascular disease;
 KW colorectal cancer; thyroid cancer; oesophageal cancer; ds: tumour;
 KW immunostimulant; cardiac; anti-inflammatory; coagulant; antileukemic;
 KW nephrotropic; gynecological; anti-tumour; immunosuppressive; cytostatic.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200177375-A2.

PD 18-OCT-2001.

PF 06-APR-2001; 2001WO-EP03968.

PR 06-APR-2000; 2000DE-1019058.

PR 07-APR-2000; 2000DE-1019173.

PR 30-JUN-2000; 2000DE-1032529.

PR 01-SEP-2000; 2000DE-1043826.

PA (EPIC-) EPIGENOMICS AG.

PI Olek A, Piepenbrock C, Berlin K;

DR WPI: 2002-017470/02.

PS Disclosure: SEQ ID No 281; 26pp; English.

CC The invention relates to 224 nucleic acid sequences comprising at least
 CC 18 bases of a chemically pretreated gene associated with gene regulation
 CC selected from 43 known genes (or complementary sequences). The
 CC chemical pretreatment converts cytosine bases unmetabolized at the
 CC 5-position to uracil or another base with hybridisation behaviour
 CC dissimilar to cytosine, to enable analysis of cytosine methylations.
 CC The DNA sequences, oligomers (or sets/arrays) and method are.

CC useful in the diagnosis of diseases (or predisposition to diseases)
 CC associated with gene regulation and in therapy of such diseases, by
 CC enabling analysis of the cytosine methylation patterns of such genes,
 CC kits are provided. They are especially useful in diagnosis
 CC and therapy of e.g. severe combined immunodeficiency disease, cardiac
 CC disorders, haemophilia, solid tumours and cancer, Werner syndrome,
 CC asthma, HDR syndrome, Saethre-Chotzen syndrome, renal disease,
 CC precocious puberty, graft-versus-host disease. The present sequence is a
 CC sequence included in the human gene regulation-associated genes.
 CC Note: The sequence data for this patent did not form part
 CC of the printed specification, but was obtained in electronic
 CC format directly from WPI at
 CC ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences

SQ Sequence 5647 BP; 1448 A; 52 C; 945 G; 3202 T; 0 other;

Query Match 4.0%; Score 49.2; DB 24; Length 5647;
 Best Local Similarity 44.0%; Pred. No. 0.12;
 Matches 207; Conservative 0; Mismatches 263; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 105 TTTGATATGCTCTCCATATATCATGAGCTTATGATTTGTTACGATTAATA 164
 DB 2825 TTTGATATTAATTTTATTAATTAATTAATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTT 2884
 OY 165 TCAGTATGCTGATTCAGATTTGATTTGATTTGCTGTTGATTTCTGTTCAATCA 224
 DB 2885 TTTTATTTTATTAATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTT 2944
 OY 225 GTCGTATATTTGCTGTTTGTGACAGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGAT 284
 DB 2945 ATTTTATTTGATGATTTGATTTGATTTGATTTGATTTGATTTGATTTG 3004
 OY 285 TTGAAGTCATGTAATAGCTTTGTTATCATAGTATGATTTGATTTGATTTG 344
 DB 3005 TTTCAGTAAGTAATTAATTAATTTTTCGTTTTTGAATTAATGATGATTT 3064
 OY 345 AGCTAATGATTAAGCTTGGAGGAGCAAGCTTCTAAATGAACTTACGATGAT 404
 DB 3065 AGAATTTATTAATTAATTAATTAATTAATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTT 3124
 OY 405 AAAGTCATGATATTTTGTCTTCTGAGTCAGATCATGATGATTTAGTGTCT 464
 DB 3125 TTACGTTATTAATTAATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTT 3184
 OY 465 TTTTAAAGCTGTTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGAT 524
 DB 3185 TTTTAAATTTTATTAATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTT 3244
 OY 525 ATCCATCATATGACCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCT 574
 DB 3245 AAAAATTAATTAATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTATTTTAT 3294

RESULT 10

ABL70514
 ID ABL70514 standard; DNA: 15674 BP.

AC ABL70514;

DT 01-JUN-2002 (first entry)

DE Chemically treated cell signalling DNA sequence complementary to#202.

KW Cell signalling; cytosine methylation; cell signalling disease;

KW cancer; tumour; cytostatic; ds.

OS Unidentified.

PN WO200202807-A2.

PD 10-JAN-2002.

203 TTGATTATTCCTGTTTCATACAGTCGTGTAATTGCTGTTGTCACAGTACGATAGATCG 262

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377 378 379 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398 399 400 401 402 403 404 405 406 407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420 421 422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434 435 436 437 438 439 440 441 442 443 444 445 446 447 448 449 450 451 452 453 454 455 456 457 458 459 460 461 462 463 464 465 466 467 468 469 470 471 472 473 474 475 476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501 502 503 504 505 506 507 508 509 510 511 512 513 514 515 516 517 518 519 520 521 522 523 524 525 526 527 528 529 530 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 540 541 542 543 544 545 546 547 548 549 550 551 552 553 554 555 556 557 558 559 560 561 562 563 564 565 566 567 568 569 570 571 572 573 574 575 576 577 578 579 580 581 582 583 584 585 586 587 588 589 590 591 592 593 594 595 596 597 598 599 600 601 602 603 604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619 620 621 622 623 624 625 626 627 628 629 630 631 632 633 634 635 636 637 638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647 648 649 650 651 652 653 654 655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667 668 669 670 671 672 673 674 675 676 677 678 679 680 681 682 683 684 685 686 687 688 689 690 691 692 693 694 695 696 697 698 699 700 701 702 703 704 705 706 707 708 709 710 711 712 713 714 715 716 717 718 719 720 721 722 723 724 725 726 727 728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741 742 743 744 745 746 747 748 749 750 751 752 753 754 755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795 796 797 798 799 800 801 802 803 804 805 806 807 808 809 810 811 812 813 814 815 816 817 818 819 820 821 822 823 824 825 826 827 828 829 830 831 832 833 834 835 836 837 838 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 854 855 856 857 858 859 860 861 862 863 864 865 866 867 868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876 877 878 879 880 881 882 883 884 885 886 887 888 889 890 891 892 893 894 895 896 897 898 899 900 901 902 903 904 905 906 907 908 909 910 911 912 913 914 915 916 917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926 927 928 929 930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937 938 939 940 941 942 943 944 945 946 947 948 949 950 951 952 953 954 955 956 957 958 959 960 961 962 963 964 965 966 967 968 969 970 971 972 973 974 975 976 977 978 979 980 981 982 983 984 985 986 987 988 989 990 991 992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011 1012 1013 1014 1015 1016 1017 1018 1019 1020 1021 1022 1023 1024 1025 1026 1027 1028 1029 1030 1031 1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039 1040 1

Query Match 3.88; Score 46; DB 24; Length 11805;

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Transposon Tagging of the *Defective embryo and meristems* Gene of Tomato

James S. Keddle,^{a,1,2} Bernard J. Carroll,^{b,1} Colwyn M. Thomas,^c Melquiades E. C. Reyes,^b Victor Klimyuk,^c Hans Holtan,^a Wilhelm Gruissem,^a and Jonathan D. G. Jones^c

^aDepartment of Plant Biology, 211 Koshland Hall, University of California, Berkeley, California 94720

^bDepartments of Biochemistry and Agriculture, University of Queensland, Brisbane 4072, Queensland, Australia

^cSainsbury Laboratory, John Innes Centre, Colney Lane, Norwich NR4 7UH, United Kingdom

The shoot and root apical meristems (SAMs and RAMs, respectively) of higher plants are mechanistically and structurally similar. This has led previously to the suggestion that the SAM and RAM represent modifications of a fundamentally homologous plan of organization. Despite recent interest in plant development, especially in the areas of meristem regulation, genes specifically required for the function of both the SAM and RAM have not yet been identified. Here, we report on a novel gene, *Defective embryo and meristems* (*Dem*), of tomato. This gene is required for the correct organization of shoot apical tissues of developing embryos, SAM development, and correct cell division patterns and meristem maintenance in roots. *Dem* was cloned using transposon tagging and shown to encode a novel protein of 72 kD with significant homology to YNV2, a protein of unknown function of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. *Dem* is expressed in root and shoot meristems and organ primordia but not in callus. The expression pattern of *Dem* mRNA in combination with the *dem* mutant phenotype suggests that *Dem* plays an important role within apical meristems.

INTRODUCTION

In plants, organogenesis is continuous and occurs in apices throughout the entire life cycle. This process is achieved by the action of apical meristems, which are groups of stem cells that are established early in embryogenesis and maintained in the tips of shoots and roots. Because apical meristems are almost entirely responsible for the elaboration of plant architecture, they have been a major subject of observational, experimental, and genetic studies (described in Steeves and Sussex, 1991; Meyerowitz, 1997). We are now beginning to elucidate the genes involved in meristem regulation and to understand their function (Meyerowitz, 1997).

In angiosperms, the shoot apical meristem (SAM) is usually a small dome of cells that consists of a peripheral zone in which leaves are initiated and a central zone in which the peripheral zone cells are replenished. The central zone contains cells that divide slowly, whereas the peripheral zone contains cells that divide rapidly (Lyndon, 1990; Steeves and Sussex, 1991). Superimposed upon this zonation are three clonally distinct cell layers (Poethig, 1987): L1 (forming the epidermis), L2 (forming the mesoderm), and L3 (forming the

pith and vascular tissue). These cell layers generate the whole shoot. The L1 and L2 layers in the SAM are maintained by anticlinal cell divisions. Occasional cell divisions occur that result in the insertion of cells derived from one layer into the adjacent layer. These cells adopt a fate appropriate to their new layer, thus suggesting that positional information, rather than cell lineage, is the major factor influencing cell fate decisions during plant development. How cells in meristems communicate with each other has not yet been determined; however, recent results indicate roles for protein trafficking (Lucas et al., 1995) and extracellular signaling (Clark et al., 1997).

The root apical meristem (RAM), in contrast to the SAM, is an internal area of cells and is responsible for the production of cells for both the root and the root cap. The RAM is therefore surrounded on all sides by its derivatives. At the center of the root meristem is a region of cells known as the quiescent center—a population of cells that has a very long generation time. Surrounding the quiescent center are initial cells, which divide more rapidly and whose progeny differentiate into the basic cell types of the root and root cap. The cells of the quiescent center are proposed to act as replacements for the more rapidly dividing apical initials. Cell division patterns within the Arabidopsis root are almost invariant, which results in a root comprised of several clonally distinct

¹ These authors contributed equally to this work.

² Current address: Mendel Biotechnology Inc., 21375 Cabot Boulevard, Hayward, CA 94545. To whom correspondence should be addressed. E-mail jkeddle@mendelbio.com; fax 510-264-0254.

files of cells (Dolan et al., 1993). Lateral roots are not initiated at the root apex but rather are initiated from an internal layer of cells called the pericycle. Experimental evidence suggests that the root tip inhibits the formation of lateral roots (McCully, 1975).

Despite their differences, the basic organization of the SAM and RAM is similar: both meristems are layered structures that contain a central zone of quiescent or slowly dividing cells. In addition, experiments using surgically isolated meristems have shown that the SAM and RAM are autonomous in their development (Ball, 1952; Feldman and Torrey, 1976). These observations have led to the conclusion (Steeves and Sussex, 1991) that the differences between the SAM and RAM are superimposed upon a fundamentally homologous plan of organization and that the root and shoot systems probably represent evolutionary modifications of an "ancestral meristem" in response to different environments. Mutations that specifically affect both the SAM and RAM may therefore represent lesions in genes whose functions have been conserved throughout the evolution of apical meristems from the ancestral meristem.

In this study, we describe a recessive mutant of tomato, *defective embryo and meristems (dem)*, that is affected in the development of both shoot and root apical meristems. *Dem* was cloned by using the transposable element *Dissociation (Ds)* as a tag and shown to encode a novel protein with a re-

gion of significant homology to a yeast protein of unknown function. *Dem* is expressed in SAMs and RAMs, axillary meristems, and organ primordia during adult plant growth. Although the exact function of *Dem* remains unclear, our initial observations suggest that it plays an important role within apical meristems and organ primordia.

RESULTS

dem Mutants Have Disrupted Apical Meristems

A total of 150 families carrying independent transpositions of the maize transposon *Ds* in tomato were generated. Approximately 25 seeds from each family were sown in flats, and seedlings were screened for mutant phenotypes. *dem* mutants were found in one family, N174 (Figure 1A). Test-cross and F_2 analysis showed that the mutation was recessive and that mutant progeny occurred at a frequency of 10 to 15%. Self-pollination of heterozygotes revealed that the *dem* mutants had a highly variable number of small, slightly concave, abnormal cotyledons and no SAM. Wild-type seedlings were normally dicot (Figure 1B). Of 110 mutants inspected, two were monocot, 20 were dicot, 65 were tricot, and 23 were tetracot (Figures 1C to 1F).

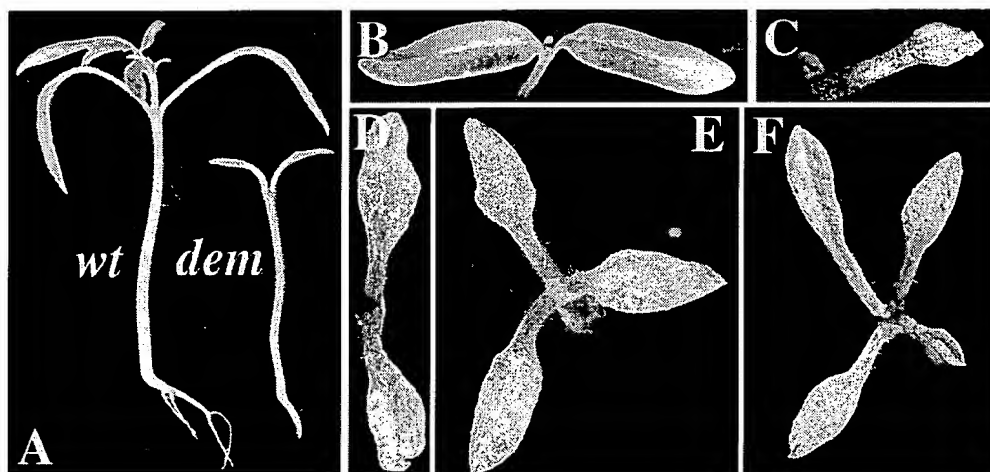


Figure 1. Seedling and Embryo Morphology Is Disrupted by the *dem* Mutation.

- (A) Three-week-old *dem* and wild-type (*wt*) plants. *dem* plants have neither elongated roots nor a shoot.
 (B) Wild-type dicot seedling.
 (C) *dem* monocot.
 (D) *dem* dicot.
 (E) *dem* tricot.
 (F) *dem* tetracot.

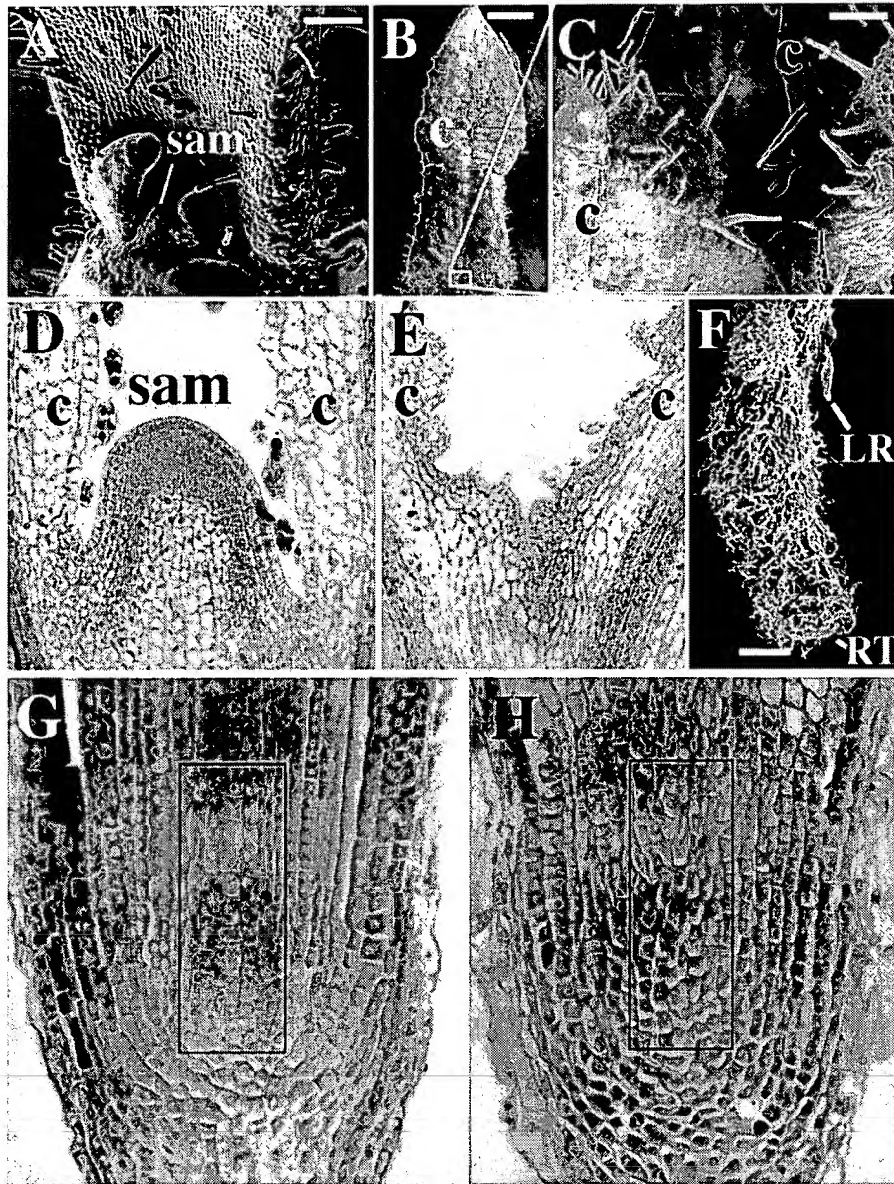


Figure 2. *dem* Seedlings Have No Apical Meristem.

(A) and (B) SEM of the SAM (sam) and a cotyledon (c) of a wild-type seedling and the cotyledon and shoot apical region of a *dem* mutant, respectively. One cotyledon has been cut off in (A) and (B) to facilitate viewing. Bar in (A) = 150 μ m; bar in (B) = 719 μ m.

(C) An expanded view of the *dem* apical region boxed in (B). Bar = 76 μ m.

(D) Section through the wild-type shoot apex.

(E) Section through the *dem* shoot apex. No typical SAM can be seen. The adaxial tissues of the cotyledons are disorganized.

(F) SEM of a *dem* root, showing a lateral root (LR) and root tip (RT). Bar = 712 μ m.

(G) Section through the wild-type root apex, showing a typical root meristem.

(H) Section through the *dem* root apex, showing that the *dem* root meristem (boxed) is disorganized.

Apical growth of *dem* seedlings was terminated soon after germination, and no true leaves were initiated (Figure 2). Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) studies (Figures 2A to 2C) showed that the apical region between the cotyledons of dicot *dem* seedlings usually contained no SAM or leaf primordia. Sections through *dem* apices (Figures 2D and 2E) confirmed that no organized SAM was present in *dem* seedlings but rather that tissue with a disorganized cell arrangement formed. This disorganization continued from the axis of the cotyledons into the adaxial half of the cotyledons. Cell organization in the abaxial half of cotyledons appeared to be normal. *dem* roots terminated after 3 or 4 mm of growth, and lateral roots, which also aborted after a short period of extension (Figure 2F), were initiated. *dem* roots were also very hairy; however, it is not possible to predict whether this is a direct effect of the mutation. Sections through a *dem* root show that although many of the outer cell files are correctly maintained, cells in the center of the root apex are disorganized compared with the wild type (boxed in Figures 2G

and 2H). No clear cell files were observed in the central cylinder of a *dem* root.

Isolation of the *Dem* Gene by Transposon Tagging

Sequences flanking the *Ds* element in a *dem* mutant were cloned using inverse polymerase chain reaction (IPCR) (Thomas et al., 1994) and sequenced. Using this sequence, two primers, *dem*3' and *dem*5', were designed. When used in combination with primer B34 (Thomas et al., 1994), they could be used to map the *Ds* element in relation to the *dem* phenotype. In tests of 200 individuals of a segregating population using triplex PCR, *Ds* was found to segregate with the *dem* phenotype (Figure 3A), demonstrating close linkage between the mutant phenotype and a *Ds* insertion. A transposase source, stabilized *Activator* (*sAc*), was crossed onto a *dem* heterozygote, and an F₁ plant containing both *sAc* and *Ds* was self-pollinated. Approximately 75% of the *dem*

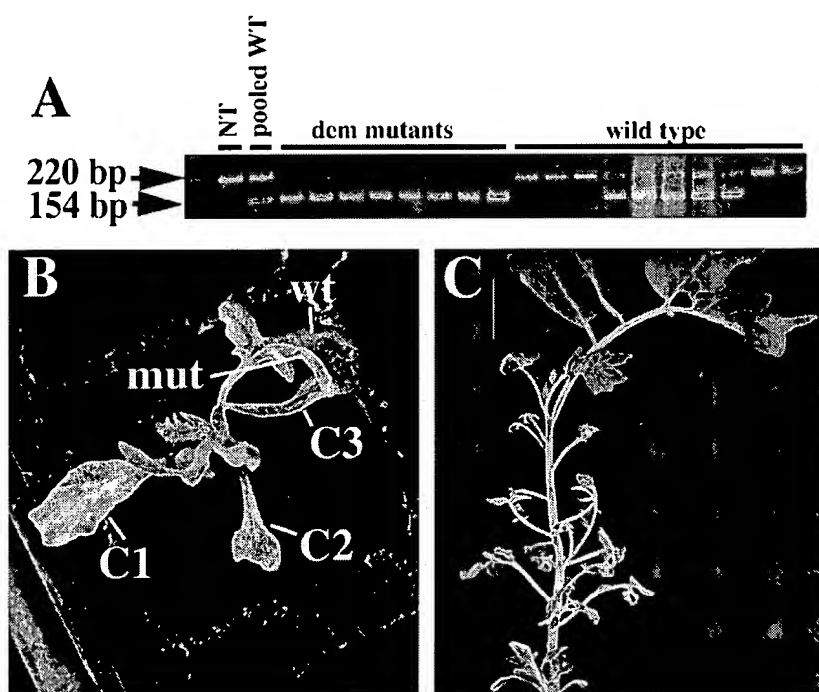


Figure 3. Linkage of *Ds* to the *dem* Mutation and Somatic Reversion of *dem*.

(A) Linkage of the *Ds* insertion to the *dem* mutation was demonstrated using a PCR zygosity test: a 220-bp fragment was amplified from the preinsertion allele, and a 154-bp fragment was amplified from the *Ds* insertion allele. PCR with DNA from stable mutant seedlings only produced a 154-bp fragment, indicating that these seedlings are homozygous for the *Ds* insertion and that the *Ds* is closely linked to the *dem* mutation. Wild-type plants were either heterozygous or homozygous for the preinsertion allele. NT, untransformed; WT, wild type.

(B) and (C) Transposase-dependent somatic reversion of the *dem* phenotype confirmed that the *Ds* insertion is the cause of the *dem* mutation. For further details, see Methods and Results. Somatic revertants also initiated leaves that could not develop properly. mut, mutant; wt, wild type; C1, C2, and C3 indicate cotyledons.

mutants in this segregating population contained *sAc*. After a period of up to 2 months, all of these mutants reverted and formed shoots from between their cotyledons. These shoots were either fully wild type or chimeric. The chimeric shoots contained both wild-type and mutant tissues and were rather unusual in appearance (Figures 3B and 3C). After a period of time, chimeric shoots became fully wild type in appearance. In contrast, *dem* mutants that did not contain *sAc* never formed shoots, even after several months. The shoots of somatic revertants yielded fruit that contained viable seed. Seeds from somatic revertants were planted, and seedlings were scored for the *dem* phenotype: the majority of these seedlings were wild type, demonstrating that the *dem* mutation is germinally unstable in the presence of the transposase gene. The close linkage of *Ds* with the *dem* phenotype and the *sAc*-dependent somatic and germinal instability of the *dem* phenotype strongly implicate *Ds* as the cause of the *dem* mutation.

An 8-bp target site duplication is typical of *Ds* insertion, and many *Ds* excision alleles retain this duplication or have deletions/substitutions of one or two nucleotides (Saedler and Nevers, 1985). To confirm that the *dem* mutation was caused by a *Ds* insertion, DNA from germinal revertants was prepared, and the sequence alterations expected from *Ds* excision were analyzed. All sequenced *Dem* revertant alleles contained sequence alterations consistent with *Ds* excision (Figure 4A). This result confirms that the *dem* mutation is a result of a *Ds* insertion into the *Dem* locus. The *Ds* insertion allele of *dem* was designated *dem^{Ds}*.

During the course of the analysis of germinal revertants, a *sAc⁻ Ds⁻* plant was identified that gave rise to ~10% mutant progeny. This allele of *dem* was later sequenced and found to contain a 7-bp insertion at the *Ds* insertion site that causes an early frameshift in the *Dem* open reading frame (ORF). This allele was designated *dem⁺⁷*. Plants homozygous for *dem⁺⁷* displayed a phenotype identical to *dem^{Ds}*, demonstrating that *dem^{Ds}* is probably a null allele. The phenotypic analysis described above was performed with mutants homozygous for *dem^{Ds}*.

In a separate experiment, *dem⁺⁷* heterozygotes containing *sAc* were crossed onto *dem^{Ds}* heterozygotes, and several somatic revertants were identified. DNA was extracted from wild-type tissues of these mutants. The sequences surrounding the site of *Ds* insertion were amplified by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) using oligonucleotides *dem3'* and *dem5'*, with one being kinase labeled. PCR products were then size fractionated by PAGE. All revertant alleles represented either perfect excision events or insertions/deletions of +3, +6, or -3 nucleotides (Figure 4B). These sequence alterations restored the *Dem* reading frame and resulted in the addition or loss of one or two amino acids in the *Dem* protein. In one case, a deletion of 18 nucleotides (leading to a deletion of six amino acids in the *Dem* protein) was identified. These results are consistent with the idea that *Ds* insertion occurred in the *Dem* coding sequence and that only excision events that do not alter the reading frame

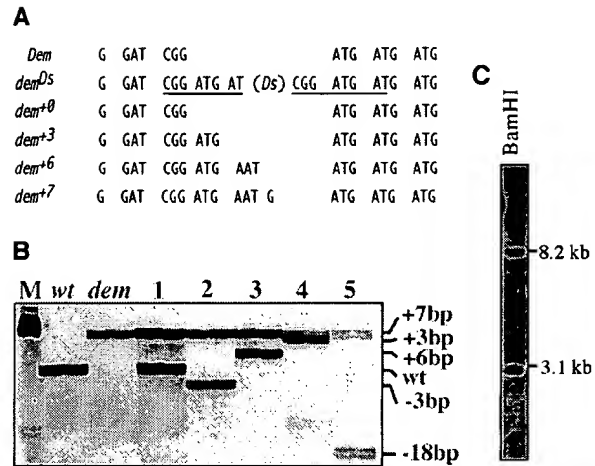


Figure 4. *dem* Excision Alleles.

(A) *Ds* insertion into *Dem* creates an 8-bp direct repeat (underlined). *dem* excision alleles containing in-frame insertions (+6 and +3) and wild-type sequence all restored wild-type gene function. *dem⁺⁷* is a stable allele of *dem* containing a 7-bp insertion. *dem⁺⁷* is predicted to produce a peptide of 123 amino acids before translation is terminated.

(B) Gel analysis of excision alleles, showing that footprints of -3, +3, +6, and -18 (lanes 2, 3, 4, and 5, respectively) reinstate wild-type (wt) gene activity. These revertants contain the *dem⁺⁷* mutant allele and the revertant wild-type allele. M indicates length markers.

(C) Blot of BamHI-digested tomato genomic DNA hybridized with the *Dem* cDNA. A BamHI restriction site exists within the *Dem* cDNA; therefore, two bands of 8.2 and 3.1 kb indicate one gene.

will reinstate wild-type gene function. Amino acid residues around this area are therefore not essential for the function of the *Dem* protein.

PCR tests showed that *dem^{Ds}* is fully transmitted through male and female gametes. The observed segregation distortion (10 to 15% mutant rather than 25% mutant) is due to decreased viability of *dem* embryos (M.E.C. Reyes and B.J. Carroll, unpublished data). DNA gel blotting experiments using low- and high-stringency washes demonstrated that *Dem* is present as a singly copy in the tomato genome (Figure 4C).

Dem Encodes a Novel Protein

Cloning and sequencing of the flanking DNA of this mutant line revealed that the *Ds* element had inserted in a large ORF. The cloned flanking sequences were used to screen a cDNA library. One full-length *Dem* cDNA clone was isolated and sequenced (Figure 5; GenBank accession number

The DNA sequence of the longest *Dem* cDNA is shown, with the predicted amino acid sequence provided at the bottom. The region of homology to YNV2 is underlined, and a potential myristoylation motif is boxed. *Ds* was inserted into codon 121 of *Dem* in *Dem^{ps}* plants (indicated by a filled triangle). The GenBank accession number is Y13632.

A search of the PROSITE database showed that the predicted mature N-terminal sequence of Dem, MGANHS, conforms to the consensus sequence for N-myristoylation, suggesting that Dem may be attached by a lipid anchor to a cellular membrane. BLAST (Altschul et al., 1997) searches using the Dem peptide sequence identified two potentially ho-

Dem expression was further localized by in situ RNA hybridization (Figures 8A to 8M). In shoot apices, *Dem* expression was restricted to apical meristems and adaxial sides of leaf primordia (Figures 8A, 8C, and 8D) and young leaves (Figure 8F), which corresponds closely to the tissues affected in *dem* seedlings. *Dem* was downregulated in mature leaf tissue and upregulated in the adaxial side of the leaf in the region of developing leaflet primordia (Figure 8G). *Dem* was also expressed in dormant axillary meristems (Figure 8I) and in floral meristems and developing flowers (Figure 8J). In root tips, *Dem* mRNA formed a gradient that was most concentrated at the root apex (Figure 8L). Overall, *Dem* was expressed in tissues of adult plants in which organized cell division occurred and in vascular strands. No signal was observed in sense strand controls (Figures 8B, 8E, 8H, 8K, and 8M).

Dem is expressed in all regions of the plant in which organized cell divisions take place. These regions include apical meristems, organ primordia, and leaflet primordia. However, *Dem* is not expressed in callus. Furthermore, loss of *Dem* function causes disorganization of both the shoot and root apex and in the adaxial tissues of cotyledons. These observations suggest that *Dem* is required for the organization or maintenance of meristems and primordia. *dem* mutants are morphologically distinct from those previously reported to be affected in basic body planning (Jurgens et al., 1991; Mayer et al., 1991), SAM development (Caruso, 1968; Meyerowitz, 1997), and root development (Benfey and Schiefelbein, 1994) and may represent a novel category of mutants that are affected in a basic aspect of meristem regulation.

A

B

Dem 563 VGFKFSVIWNQQVKGDSHECYQNQVGLKSCYCYKIVL..RDDSDIVESRFMHDXIYVS 599
VGFKFSVIW+ ++VK+ +HECY+NQ GLKSCYC KI++ +D+SIVESRFMHDD ++ S
F19919 VGFKFSVIWDLERVNSAHECYRNNQGLKSCYCNKILVLLKDESIVESRFMHDNDFS

Dem 56 SSLDDVEAKLKALKLYGTPHAKTPTAKNAVKLYLEVGNGTANSKWVSDKVTA 109
SSLDDVEAKL+ALKLY + P+ +N+ +L+ +GNT +KWV ++K+TA
N96644 SSLDDVEAKLQALKLYPLTQSA.PSTQNGNTFRYINGTTPKAKWVTAKLTA

Figure 6. Sequence Alignments.

(A) Sequence alignment of Dem with YNV2 from yeast. Vertical lines show identical amino acids, and single and double dots represent similar amino acids, according to the Genetics Computer Group (Madison, WI) BESTFIT program.

(B) Amino acid sequence alignments of *Dem* with two *Arabidopsis* expressed sequence tags. F19919 is the 3' end sequence, whereas N96644 is the 5' end sequence.

The shoot apex of *dem* embryos lacks a shoot meristem and has a highly variable number of cotyledons that contain disorganized cells. During normal embryogenesis, two cotyledons are initiated on the apical flanks of a globular stage embryo, and the SAM becomes morphologically apparent between the emerging cotyledons (Jurgens et al., 1991; Mayer et al., 1991). In this context, we foresee a role for *Dem* in the organized cell divisions that accompany the transition between the globular and heart stages of embryogenesis. Without correct cell divisions, the normal signals that coordinate cotyledon number and apical development may be perturbed. This would lead to a deregulation of cotyledon number, altered cell division planes, and the failure to form or maintain a SAM. Because the true relationship between the cotyledons and the SAM in wild-type plants is not known

(Kaplan, 1969; Barton and Poethig, 1993; Endrizzi et al., 1996), it is impossible to predict whether the SAM simply is not established in *dem* embryos or is established but not maintained.

In the *dem* root apex, cell divisions within a central zone of cells are disorganized, and several of the central cell files in the root are not correctly formed. *dem* roots terminate after a short period of growth but have the ability to initiate determinate lateral roots. The simplest explanation of the *dem* root phenotype is that the *dem* mutation makes roots determinate; primary roots and lateral roots can be formed, but they cannot be maintained. The fact that both terminal and lateral root meristems are determinate in *dem* mutants suggests that the *dem* SAM may also be determinate. These observations suggest that *Dem* may play a role in meristem maintenance and that the *dem* SAM is consumed in embryogenesis during the formation of cotyledons.

A possible clue for *Dem* function comes from the observation that two other mutants with altered cotyledon number have altered hormone levels. The Arabidopsis mutant *pinoid* (Bennett et al., 1995) frequently produces tricot seedlings and has defects in auxin transport. The mutant *altered meristem program1* also has a highly variable cotyledon number and altered cytokinin levels. Furthermore, polar auxin transport has been shown to be critical for pattern formation during embryogenesis (Liu et al., 1993), leaf and floral organ phyllotaxy (Meichenheimer, 1981; Okada et al., 1991), compound leaf development (Avasarala et al., 1996), meristem maintenance (Avasarala et al., 1996), and root meristem organization (Kerk and Feldman, 1995). Thus, *Dem* may be involved in cellular responses to hormone gradients that organize all apices and organ primordia.

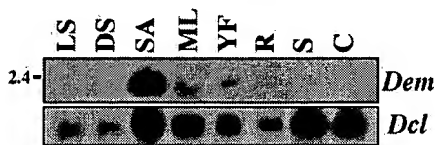


Figure 7. Tissue Distribution of *Dem* mRNA.

RNA gel blot analysis of *Dem* expression in light-grown seedlings (LS), dark-grown seedlings (DS), shoot apices (SA), mature leaves (ML), young fruit (YF), roots (R), stem (S), and callus (C). RNA was hybridized using the entire *Dem* cDNA, washed, and exposed for 48 hr. This blot was previously hybridized with a probe to *Dcl*, a constitutively and ubiquitously expressed mRNA (Keddie et al., 1996). A single message of 2.4 kb was observed.

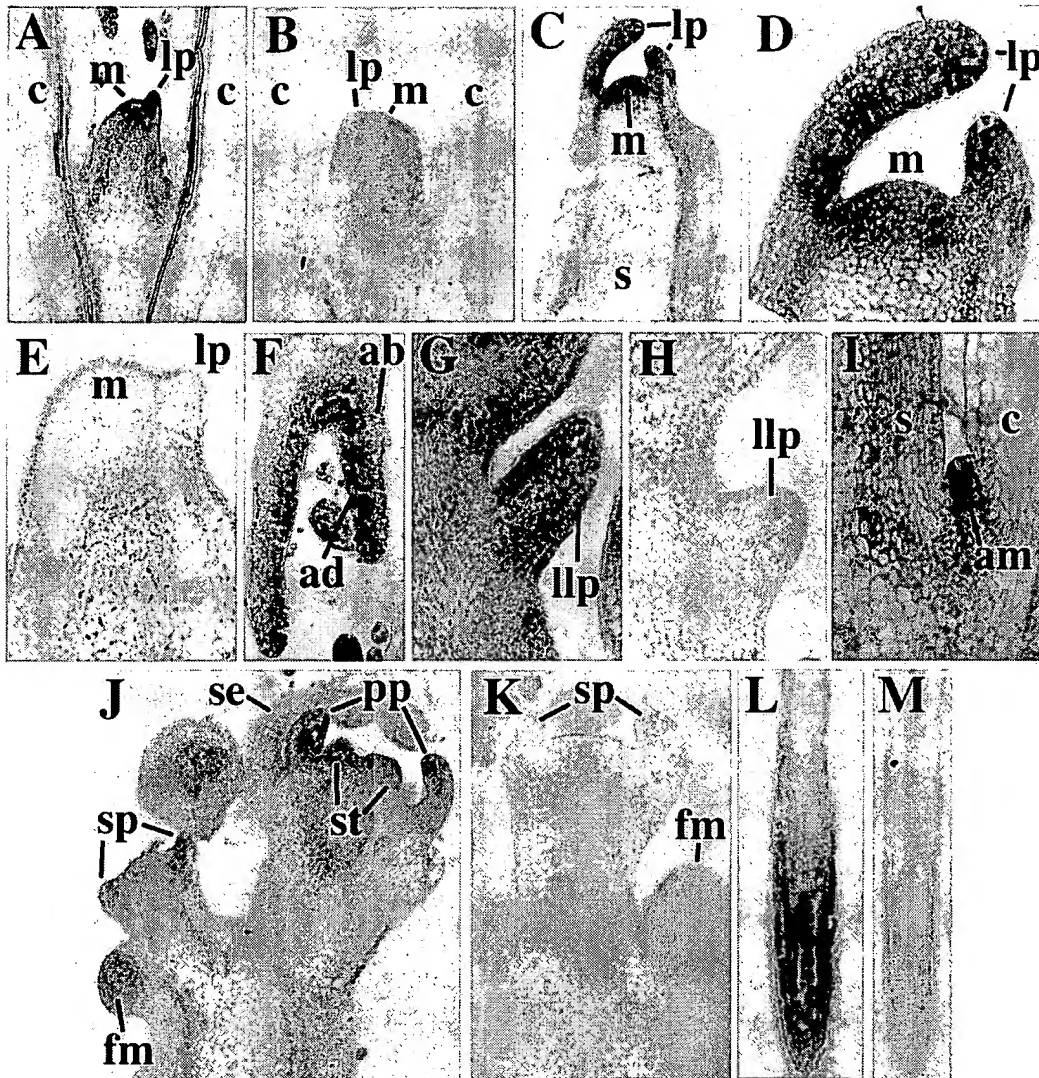


Figure 8. In Situ Distribution of *Dem* mRNA.

(A) and (B) SAM and cotyledons of 12-day-old seedlings. Signal was observed in the meristem and leaf primordia, using antisense (A) but not sense (B) *Dem* probes.

(C) to (E) SAM and stem from 4-week-old plants. Signal was observed in meristems and leaf primordia, using antisense (C) and (D) but not sense (E) probes.

(F) Cross-section showing *Dem* expression in the adaxial tissues of young leaves.

(G) and (H) *Dem* expression was detected in leaflet primordia, using sense (G) but not antisense (H) probes.

(I) Stem/cotyledon axis. *Dem* expression is detected in axillary meristems.

(J) and (K) Cross-section through inflorescence showing an emerging floral meristem and developing flowers. Staining is observed in floral meristems and in organ primordia as they emerge, using *Dem* antisense (J) but not *Dem* sense (K) probes.

(L) and (M) Sections through root tips. Staining was observed in root tips, using antisense (L) but not sense (M) probes.

Digoxigenin labeling is visible as brown staining. All hybridizations used 10- μ m-thick sections and digoxigenin-labeled *Dem* probe. ab, abaxial; ad, adaxial; am, axillary meristem; c, cotyledon; fm, floral meristem; llp, leaflet primordia; lp, leaf primordia; m, meristem; pp, petal primordium; s, stem; se, sepal; sp, sepal primordium; st, stamen primordium.

A notable feature of the expression pattern of *Dem*, at least in shoot apices, is that it is apparently coincident with the expression of *tKn1*, a gene encoding a KNOTTED1-related homeodomain protein of tomato (Hareven et al., 1996). KNOTTED1-related proteins are believed to maintain cells in an undifferentiated state within meristems (Smith et al., 1992) and in the leaf and leaflet primordia of tomato (Hareven et al., 1996). Similar to *Dem*, *knotted1*-related genes of maize are not expressed in callus tissue (Smith et al., 1992) and are expressed in vascular strands (Smith et al., 1992; Jackson et al., 1994). Also, in Arabidopsis, mutations in *STM*, a *Knotted1* homolog, result in seedlings with no apparent SAM (Long et al., 1996). These observations suggest that *Dem* may be required for correct cell division patterns within the domain of *Knotted* expression.

In summary, we have identified a mutant, *dem*, that plays an important role in the maintenance or function of both the SAM and RAM. We have cloned the *Dem* gene by transposon tagging and shown that it is expressed in all areas of the plant in which organized cell division is taking place. The conceptual translation of the *Dem* cDNA provides little evidence regarding the function of the Dem protein. The lack of apparent nuclear localization sequences or DNA binding motifs suggests that it is not a nuclear transcription factor. The presence of myristoylation consensus motifs makes it tempting to speculate that Dem may be anchored to a cellular membrane. The homology of Dem to a yeast protein raises the possibility that Dem is a cellular component that has evolved to become an essential gene for organized cell divisions that occur in meristems and primordia during plant development.

METHODS

Transgenic Plant Material and Generation of the defective embryo and meristems Mutant

Transgenic tomato (*Lycopersicon esculentum*) cultivar Moneymaker carrying maize transposable elements was used for all experiments. A total of 150 transposants was generated from a single *Dissociation* (*Ds*) T-DNA line (1561E) by selection for excision and reinsertion of *Ds* after testcrossing a 1561E/10512I double heterozygote to wild-type plants (Carroll et al., 1995). The 10512I line carries the transposase gene (*sAc*) linked to β -glucuronidase (GUS). Seedlings carrying a transposed *Ds* were self-pollinated, and the progeny were screened for mutations. Family N174 carries a single transposed *Ds* and includes mutants exhibiting the *defective embryo and meristems* (*dem*) phenotype.

Reversion of the *dem* Mutant in the Presence of the Transposase

To demonstrate instability of *dem* in the presence of a transposase, a *Dem* heterozygote was crossed to the transposase line 10512I (Carroll et al., 1995). F_1 double heterozygotes for the *Ds* insertion and the transposase gene were identified by a polymerase chain reaction

(PCR) test (identifying *dem*^{P_s}; see below) and histochemical staining for GUS (the marker for the transposase gene). F_1 double heterozygotes were selfed, and the F_2 generation was screened for GUS-positive mutant seedlings. GUS-positive mutants were observed for somatic instability of the mutant phenotype. Somatic F_2 revertants were testcrossed to an untransformed tester, and the progeny were screened for germinal wild-type and mutant excision alleles at the *Dem* locus, as described below.

Cloning the *Dem* cDNA

Fragments of the *Dem* gene were cloned by inverse PCR (IPCR) (Thomas et al., 1994) and used to screen a λ gt10 cDNA library constructed using seedling mRNA. We purified six positives from 5×10^5 plaques, and one full-length *Dem* cDNA was sequenced on both strands. RNA and genomic DNA extraction and analysis were performed as described previously (Keddie et al., 1996).

PCR Test for *Ds* Zygosity at the *Dem* Locus

The mutant line was maintained as a heterozygote. To detect zygosity for the *Ds* insertion in *Dem*, we developed a simple triplex PCR test (Thomas et al., 1994) with intact leaf tissue (Klimyuk et al., 1993; Carroll et al., 1995). Based on the sequences flanking both sides of the *Ds* in *dem*, oligonucleotide primers dem5' (5'-TTTCTGCTCCTAAATGCATTGAG-3') and dem3' (5'-TTCATGTGGTGGGAACACTGCCA-3') were designed to amplify a 220-bp preinsertion fragment. dem5', in combination with primer B34 (5'-ACGGTCGGTACGGGATTTCCCAT-3'), which primes from sequences at the end of *Ds*, amplifies a 154-bp fragment corresponding to the *Ds* insertion in the *dem* gene. By using PCR with these three primers, we performed zygosity tests for the *Ds* insertion in *Dem* on individual seedlings.

PCR Footprint Analysis of *Dem* Revertants

Footprint analysis was done using oligonucleotides dem5' and dem3'. PCR products from wild-type and germinal revertant plants were cloned and sequenced. In addition, a screen for new excision alleles was performed by crossing *sAc*⁺ *dem*^{+/?} heterozygotes with *dem*^{P_s} heterozygotes. The seeds from this cross were germinated, and wild-type plants were discarded. After ~1 month, ~50% of the mutants initiated a shoot from between their cotyledons, and growth was resumed. To analyze the size of footprints left in new *dem* alleles, either dem3' or dem5' was kinase labeled with γ -labeled ³³P-ATP and used with the other primer to amplify excision alleles. PCR products were denatured and separated on a 6% polyacrylamide gel (Figure 4B).

Microscopy and in Situ Hybridization

Samples for light microscopy were prepared using a microwave procedure. Tissue was fixed twice in formaldehyde acetic acid (FAA) at 37°C for a total of 30 min, dehydrated at 67°C in 70% ethanol and then 100% ethanol for 75 sec each, treated in 2-propanol at 75°C for 90 sec, and then embedded in molten Paraplast (Pelco, Reading, CA) at 67°C for ~3 hr in a 3440 MAX Laboratory microwave (Pelco). A full version of this protocol can be obtained from the National Science

Foundation Center home page (www.plantbio.berkeley.edu). Samples were serially sectioned, stained in safranin O and orange gold to highlight densely cytoplasmic cells, and viewed on an Axiophot microscope (Carl Zeiss, Inc., Thornwood, NY). Samples prepared for scanning electron microscopy (SEM) were fixed in FAA, dehydrated in ethanol, dried in a critical point dryer, sputter coated with palladium to 20 nm, and viewed on a DS130 scanning electron microscope (ISI, Philadelphia, PA).

In situ RNA hybridization was performed using methods described by Coen et al. (1990). An internal 559-bp EcoRI fragment of the *Dem* cDNA was subcloned into pBluescript SK+ (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA). T7- and T3-primed digoxigenin-labeled RNA probes were made using digoxigenin RNA labeling mix (Boehringer Mannheim) and hydrolyzed at 60°C for 30 min in 100 mM carbonate buffer, pH 10.2. A minimum of three samples were examined per experiment, and sense strand controls were always included.

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